TITLE 20

MISCELLANEOUS

CHAPTER

- 1. FAIR HOUSING ORDINANCE.
- 2. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.
- 3. PUBLIC RECORDS.
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CHAPTER 1

FAIR HOUSING ORDINANCE

SECTION

- 20-101. Policy.
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- 20-111. Investigations; subpoenas; giving of evidence.
- 20-112. Enforcement by private persons.
- **20-101.** <u>Policy</u>. It is the policy of the Town of Trezevant to provide, within constitutional limitations, for fair housing throughout the community. (2004 Code, § 20-101)
- **20-102.** <u>Definitions</u>. (1) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under §§ 20-104, 20-105, or 20-106.
- (2) "Dwelling" means any building, structure, or portion thereof which is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as a residence by one (1) or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location thereon of any such building, structure, or portion thereof.
 - (3) "Family" includes a single individual.
- (4) "Person" includes one (1) or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and fiduciaries.

- (5) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises owned by the occupant. (2004 Code, § 20-102)
- **20-103.** <u>Unlawful practice</u>. Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) below and § 20-107, the prohibitions against discrimination in the sale or rental of housing set forth in § 20-104 shall apply to:
 - (1) All dwellings except as exempted by subsection (2) below.
 - (2) Nothing in § 20-104 shall apply to:
 - Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner: Provided that such private individual owner does not own more than three (3) such single-family houses at any one (1) time: Provided further that in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale or who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one (1) such sale within any twenty-four (24) month period: Provided further that such bonafide private individual owner does not own any interest in, nor is owned or reserved on his behalf, under any express or voluntary agreement, title to or any right to all or a portion of the proceeds from the sale or rental of, more than three (3) such single-family houses at any one Provided further that the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this title only if such house is sold or rented: (i) without the use in any manner of the sale or rental facilities or the sale or rental services of any real estate broker, agent, or salesman, or of such facilities or services of any person in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, agent, salesman, or person; and (ii) without the publication, posting or mailing, after notice of any advertisement or written notice in violation of § 20-104(3) of this chapter, but nothing in this proviso shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies, and other such professional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title, or
 - (b) Rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four (4) families living independently of each other, if the owner actually maintains and occupies one (1) of such living quarters as his residence.
- (3) For the purpose of subsection (2), a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings if:
 - (a) He has, within the preceding twelve (12) months, participated as principal in three (3) or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein;
 - (b) He has, within the preceding twelve (12) months, participated as agent, other than in the sale of his own personal residence

- in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two (2) or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or
- (c) He is the owner of any dwelling designed or intended for occupancy by, or occupied by, five (5) or more families. (2004 Code, § 20-103)
- **20-104.** Discrimination in the sale or rental of housing. As made applicable by § 20-103 and exempted by §§ 20-103(2) and 20-107, it shall be unlawful:
- (1) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability;
- (2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability;
- (3) To make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice, statement, or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, or disability, or an intention to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination;
- (4) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, or disability that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale, or rental when such dwelling is in fact available;
- (5) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of any particular race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, or disability;
- (6) To refuse to permit, at the expense of the person with a disability, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by that person if such modifications are necessary to afford that person full enjoyment of the premises; and
- (7) To refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices, or service, when such accommodations are necessary to afford a person with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling. (2004 Code, § 20-104)
- **20-105.** Discrimination in the financing of housing. It shall be unlawful for any bank, building and loan association, insurance company or other corporation, association, firm or enterprise whose business consists in whole or in part in the making or commercial real estate loans, to deny a loan or other financial assistance to a person applying therefor for the purpose of

purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling, or to discriminate against him in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration, or other terms or conditions of such loan or other financial assistance, because of the race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability of such person or of any person associated with him in connection with such loan or other financial assistance or the purposes of such loan or other financial assistance, or of the present or prospective owners, lessees, tenants, or occupants of the dwelling or dwellings in relation to which such loan or other financial assistance is to be made or given: Provided, that nothing contained in this section shall impair the scope or effectiveness of the exception contained in § 20-103(2). (2004 Code, § 20-105)

- **20-106.** Discrimination in the provision of brokerage services. It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate brokers organization or other service, organization or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him in the terms or conditions of such access, membership, or participation, on account of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability. (2004 Code, § 20-106)
- **20-107.** Exemption. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a religious organization, association, or society or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, sex, national origin, familial status or disability, nor shall anything in this chapter prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members. (2004 Code, § 20-107)
- **20-108.** <u>Administration</u>. (1) The authority and responsibility for administrating this act shall be in the Mayor of the Town of Trezevant.
- (2) The mayor may delegate any of these functions, duties, and powers to employees of the community, or to boards of such employees, including functions, duties, and powers with respect to investigating, conciliating, hearing, determining, ordering, certifying, reporting or otherwise acting as to any work, business, or matter under this chapter. The mayor shall by rule prescribe such rights of appeal from the decisions of his hearing examiners to other hearing examiners or to other officers in the town, to boards of officers or to himself, as shall be appropriate and in accordance with law.

- (3) All executive departments and agencies shall administer their programs and activities relating to housing and urban development in a manner affirmatively to further the purpose of this chapter and shall cooperate with the mayor to further such purposes. (2004 Code, § 20-108)
- **20-109.** Education and conciliation. Immediately after the enactment of the ordinance comprising this chapter, the mayor shall commence such educational and conciliatory activities as will further the purposes of this chapter. He shall call conferences of persons in the housing industry and other interested parties to acquaint them with the provisions of this chapter and his suggested means of implementing it, and shall endeavor with their advice to work out programs of voluntary compliance and of enforcement. (2004 Code, § 20-109)
- 20-110. Enforcement. (1) Any person who claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice or who believes that he will be irrevocably injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur (hereafter "person aggrieved") may file a complaint with the mayor. Complaints shall be in writing and shall contain such information and be in such form as the mayor requires. Upon receipt of such a complaint, the mayor shall furnish a copy of the same to the person or persons who allegedly committed or about to commit the alleged discriminatory housing practice. Within thirty (30) days after receiving a complaint, or within thirty (30) days after the expiration of any period of reference under subsection (3), the mayor shall investigate the complaint and give notice in writing to the person aggrieved whether he intends to resolve it. If the mayor decides to resolve the complaint, he shall proceed to try to eliminate or correct the alleged discriminatory housing practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion. Nothing said or done in the course of such informal endeavors may be made public or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this chapter without the written consent of the persons concerned. Any employee of the mayor who shall make public any information in violation of this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year.
- (2) A complaint under subsection (1) shall be filed within one hundred and eighty (180) days after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred. Complaints shall be in writing and shall state the facts upon which the allegations of a discriminatory housing practice are based. Complaints may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time. A respondent may file an answer to the complaint against him and with the leave of the mayor, which shall be granted whenever it would be reasonable and fair to do so, may amend his answer at any time. Both complaints and answers shall be verified.
- (3) If within thirty (30) days after a complaint is filed with the mayor, the mayor has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance with this chapter, the

person aggrieved may, within thirty (30) days thereafter, file a complaint with the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The mayor will assist in this filing.

- (4) If the mayor has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance within thirty (30) days of the complaint, the person aggrieved may, within thirty (30) days hereafter commence a civil action in any appropriate court, against the respondent named in the complaint, to enforce the rights granted or protected by this chapter, insofar as such rights relate to the subject of the complaint. If the court finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may enjoin the respondent from engaging in such practice or order such affirmative action as may be appropriate.
- (5) In any proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the burden of proof shall be on the complainant.
- (6) Whenever an action filed by an individual shall come to trial, the mayor shall immediately terminate all efforts to obtain voluntary compliance. (2004 Code, § 20-110)
- **20-111.** <u>Investigations</u>; <u>subpoenas</u>; <u>giving of evidence</u>. (1) In conducting an investigation the mayor shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, records, documents, individuals, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence and may examine, record, and copy such materials and take and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation: Provided, however, that the mayor first complies with the provisions of the Fourth Amendment relating to unreasonable searches and seizures. The mayor may issue subpoenas to compel his access to or the production of such materials, or the appearance of such persons, and may issue interrogatories to a respondent, to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action in the United States district court for the district in which the investigation is taking place. The mayor may administer oaths.
- (2) Upon written application to the mayor, a respondent shall be entitled to the issuance of a reasonable number of subpoenas by and in the name of the mayor to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as subpoenas issued by the mayor himself. Subpoenas issued at the request of a respondent shall show on their face the name and address of such respondent and shall state that they were issued at his request.
- (3) Witnesses summoned by subpoena of the mayor shall be entitled to the same witness and mileage fees as are witnesses in proceedings in the United States district courts. Fees payable to a witness summoned by a subpoena issued at the request of a respondent shall be paid by him.
- (4) Within five (5) days after service of a subpoena upon any person, such person may petition the mayor to revoke or modify the subpoena. The mayor shall grant the petition if he finds that the subpoena requires appearance

or attendance at an unreasonable time or place, that it requires production of evidence which does not relate to any matter under investigation, that it does not describe with sufficient particularity the evidence to be produced, that compliance would be unduly onerous, or for other good reason.

- (5) In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena, the mayor or other person at whose request it was issued may petition for its enforcement in the municipal or state court for the district in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides, was served, or transacts business.
- (6) Any person who willfully fails or neglects to attend and testify or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce records, documents, or other evidence, if in his power to do so, in obedience to the subpoena or lawful order of the mayor shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both. Any person who, with intent thereby to mislead the mayor, shall make or cause to be made any false entry or statement or fact in any report, account, record, or other document submitted to the mayor pursuant to his subpoena or other order, or shall willfully neglect or fail to make or cause to be made full, true, and correct entries in such reports, accounts, records, or other documents, or shall willfully mutilate, alter, or by any other means falsify any documentary evidence, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both.
- (7) The town attorney shall conduct all litigation in which the mayor participates as a party or as amicus pursuant to this chapter. (2004 Code, § 20-111)
- **20-112.** Enforcement by private persons. (1) The rights granted by §§ 20-103, 20-104, 20-105, and 20-106 may be enforced by civil action in state or local courts of general jurisdiction. A civil action shall be commenced within one hundred and eighty (180) days after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred: Provided, however, that the court shall continue such civil case brought pursuant to this section or § 20-110(4) from time to time before bringing it to trial or renting dwellings; or
- (2) Any person because he is or has been, or in order to intimidate such person or any other person or any class of persons from:
 - (a) Participating, without discrimination on account of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability, in any of the activities, services, organizations or facilities; or
 - (b) Affording another person or class of persons opportunity or protection so to participate; or
- (3) Any citizen because he is or has been, or in order to discourage such citizen or any other citizen from lawfully aiding or encouraging other persons to participate, without discrimination on account of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status or disability in any of the activities, services, organizations or facilities, or participating lawfully in speech or peaceful

assembly opposing any denial of the opportunity to so participate shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned not more than one (1) year, or both; and if bodily injury results shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), or imprisoned not more than ten (10) years, or both; and if death results shall be subject to imprisonment for any term of years or for life. (2004 Code, § 20-112)

CHAPTER 2

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

SECTION

20-201. Empowered to find tenant.

- **20-201.** Empowered to find tenant. (1) The property located at 45 Hurt Street is deeded to the Trezevant Industrial Development Corporation.
- (2) The Trezevant Industrial Development Corporation be empowered to find a tenant for said property. (Ord. #011315-2, Jan. 2015)

CHAPTER 3

PUBLIC RECORDS

SECTION

or

20-301. Procedures regarding access to an inspection of public records.

- **20-301.** Procedures regarding access to an inspection of public records. (1) Consistent with the Public Records Act of the State of Tennessee, *Tennessee Code Annotated*, § 10-7-503, personnel of the Town of Trezevant shall provide full access and assistance in a timely and efficient manner to Tennessee residents who request access to public documents.
- (2) Employees of the Town of Trezevant shall protect the integrity and organization of public records with respect to the manner in which the records are inspected and copied. All inspections of records must be performed under the supervision of the records custodian or designee. All copying of public records must be performed by employees of the town, or, in the event that town personnel are unable to copy the records, by an entity or person designated by the records custodian.
- (3) To prevent excessive disruptions of the work, essential functions, and duties of employees of the Town of Trezevant, persons requesting inspection and/or copying of public records shall complete a records request form to be furnished by the town. If the requesting party refuses to complete a request form, a town employee shall complete the form with the information provided by the requesting party. Persons requesting access to open public records shall describe the records with specificity so that the records may be located and made available for public inspection or duplication, as provided in subsection (2) above. All requests for public records shall be directed to the records custodian.
- (4) When records are requested for inspection or copying, the records custodian has seven (7) days to determine whether the town can retrieve the records requested and whether the requested records contain any confidential information, and the estimated charge for copying based upon the number of copies and amount of time required.

Within seven (7) days of a request for records the records custodian shall:

- (a) Produce the records requested;
- (b) Deny the records in writing, giving explanation for denial;
- (c) In the case of voluminous requests, provide the requestor, in writing, with an estimated time frame for production and an estimation of duplication costs.
- (5) There is no charge assessed to a requester for inspecting a public record. Charges for physical copies of records, in accordance with the Office of Open Records Counsel (OORC) schedule of reasonable charges, are as follows:

| Request | Charge |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Accident reports | \$0.15 per copy |
| Black and white copies | \$0.15 per copy |
| Colored copies | \$0.50 per copy |

Maps, plats, electronic data, audio discs, video discs, and all other materials shall be duplicated at actual costs to the town.

- Requests requiring less than one (1) hour of municipal employee labor for research, retrieval and duplication are free to the requester. Labor in excess of one (1) hour may be charged by the town, in addition to the cost per copy, as provided in subsection (5) above. The town may require payment in advance of producing voluminous records. Requests for copies of records may not be broken down to multiple requests for the same information in order to qualify for the first free hour. For a request requiring more than one (1) employee to complete, labor charges will be assessed based on the following formula: in calculating the charge for labor, a department head shall determine the number of hours each employee spent producing a request. The department head shall then subtract the one (1) hour threshold from the number of hours the highest paid employee(s) spent producing the request. The department head will then multiply the total number of hours to be charged for the labor of each employee by that employee's hourly wage. Finally, the department head will add together the totals for all the employees involved in the request and that will be the total amount of labor that can be charged.
- (7) The police chief shall maintain in his or her office records of undercover investigators containing personally identifying information. All other personnel records of the police department shall be maintained in the office of the records custodian. (This provision is for small police departments that do not have personnel trained in records management. Larger police departments should maintain personnel records in the department under the supervision of a trained records custodian.) Requests for personnel records, other than for undercover investigators, shall be made to the records custodian, who shall promptly notify the police chief of such request. The police chief shall make the final determination as to the release of the information requested. In the event that the police chief refuses to release the information, he shall provide a written explanation of the reasons for not releasing the information.
- (8) If the public records requested are frail due to age or other conditions and copying of the records will cause damage to the original records, the requesting party may be required to make an appointment for inspection. (modified)

CHAPTER 4

WALKING TRACK REGULATIONS

SECTION

20-401. Walking track regulations.

- **20-401.** Walking track regulations. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to use a skateboard, roller skates, four (4) wheeler, bicycle, golf cart, scooter, mini bike, roller blades, freeboard or cleats of any kind on the walking track.
- (2) No smoking, to bacco products, alcohol or illegal drugs shall be used while at the track.
 - (3) There will be no climbing of the fence for any reason.
 - (4) The Town of Trezevant is not responsible for accidents.
- (5) Violators of any of the above stated rules will be prosecuted. (Ord. $\#081120, \, \mathrm{Aug.} \, 2020)$