TITLE 7

FIRE PROTECTION AND FIREWORKS¹

CHAPTER

1. VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT.

2. FIRE SERVICE OUTSIDE TOWN LIMITS.

CHAPTER 1

VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT^e

SECTION

- 7-101. Establishment, equipment, and membership.
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- 7-103. Organization, rules, and regulations.
- 7-104. Records and reports.
- 7-105. Tenure and compensation of members.
- 7-106. Chief responsible for training and maintenance.
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7-101. Establishment, equipment, and membership. There is hereby established a volunteer fire department to be supported and equipped from appropriations of the town council. Any funds raised by the volunteer fire department, or by any individual or group of volunteer firemen in the name of the volunteer fire department, and any gifts to the volunteer fire department shall be turned over to and become the property of, the town and the town shall use such funds in the equipping of the volunteer fire department. All other apparatus, equipment, and supplies of the volunteer fire department shall be purchased by or through the town and shall be and remain the property of the town. The volunteer fire department shall be composed of a chief appointed by the town council, and the fire chief shall appoint such number of subordinate officers and firemen as the council shall deem necessary.

7-102. <u>Objectives</u>. The volunteer fire department shall have as its objectives:

(1) To prevent uncontrolled fires from starting.

²Municipal code reference

¹Municipal code reference

Building, utility and housing codes: title 12.

Special privileges with respect to traffic: title 15, chapter 2.

- (2) To prevent the loss of life and property because of fires.
- (3) To confine fires to their places of origin.
- (4) To extinguish uncontrolled fires.
- (5) To prevent loss of life from asphysiation or drowning.

(6) To perform such rescue work as its equipment and/or the training of its personnel makes practicable.

7-103. <u>Organization, rules, and regulations</u>. The chief of the volunteer fire department shall set up the organization of the department, make definite assignments to individuals, and formulate and enforce such rules and regulations as shall be necessary for the orderly and efficient operation of the volunteer fire department, under such rules and regulations as the town council may prescribe.

7-104. <u>Records and reports</u>. The chief of the volunteer fire department shall keep adequate records of all fires, inspections, apparatus, equipment, personnel, and work of the department. He shall submit such written reports on those matters to the mayor or to the town council as they may require.

7-105. <u>Tenure and compensation of members</u>. The fire chief shall have the authority to suspend or discharge any other member of the volunteer fire department when he deems such action to be necessary for the good of the department. The fire chief may be suspended for up to thirty (30) days by the mayor, but may be dismissed only by the town council.

All personnel of the volunteer fire department shall receive such compensation for their services as the town council may from time to time prescribe.

7-106. <u>Chief responsible for training and maintenance</u>. The chief of the fire department, shall be fully responsible for the training of the firemen and for maintenance of all property and equipment of the fire department, under the direction and subject to the requirements of the town council.

7-107. <u>Chief to be assistant to state officer</u>. Pursuant to requirements of <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 68-17-108, the fire chief is designated as an assistant to the state commissioner of insurance and is subject to all the duties and obligations imposed by <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 68, chapter 17, and shall be subject to the directions of the commissioner in the execution of the provisions thereof.

CHAPTER 2

FIRE SERVICE OUTSIDE TOWN LIMITS

SECTION

7-201. Restrictions on fire service outside town limits.

7-201. <u>Restrictions on fire service outside town limits</u>. No personnel or equipment of the fire department shall be used for fighting any fire outside the town limits unless the fire is on town property or, in the opinion of the fire chief, is in such hazardous proximity to property owned or located within the town as to endanger the town property, or unless the town council has developed policies for providing emergency services outside of the town limits or entered into a contract or mutual aid agreement pursuant to the authority of:

(1) The Local Government Emergency Assistance Act of 1987, as amended, codified in <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 58-2-601 et seq.¹

This statute, as amended, does not require written agreements between the local governments, but authorizes them to develop policies and procedures for requesting and responding to requests for emergency assistance, including provisions for compensation for service rendered.

The statute specifies which municipal officers may request and respond to requests for emergency assistance and provides for the appointment by municipal governing bodies of additional municipal officers with the same authority.

The statute provides that the senior officer of the requesting party will be in command at the scene of the emergency.

The statute outlines the liabilities of the requesting and responding governments as follows: (1) Neither the responding party nor its employees shall be liable for any property damage or bodily injury at (continued...)

¹Charter and state law references

<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, Section 58-2-601 et seq., as amended by Public Acts 1988, Ch. 499, authorizes any municipality or other local governmental entity to go outside of its boundaries in response to a request for emergency assistance by another local government. It does not create a duty to respond to or to stay at the scene of an emergency outside its jurisdiction.

- (2) <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 12-9-101 et seq.¹
- (3) <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 6-54-601.²

(...continued)

¹State law reference

<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 12-9-101, <u>et seq</u>. is the Interlocal Cooperation Act which authorizes municipalities and other governments to enter into mutual aid agreements of various kinds.

²State law reference

<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 6-54-601 authorizes municipalities (1) To enter into mutual aid agreements with other municipalities, counties, privately incorporated fire departments, utility districts and metropolitan airport authorities which provide for firefighting service, and with industrial fire departments, to furnish one another with fire fighting assistance. (2) Enter into contracts with organizations of residents and property owners of unincorporated communities to provide such communities with firefighting assistance. (3) Provide fire protection outside their town limits to either citizens on an individual contractual basis, or to citizens in an area without individual contracts, whenever an agreement has first been entered into between the municipality providing the fire service and the county or counties in which the fire protection is to be provided. (Counties may compensate municipalities for the extension of fire services.)

the actual scene of any emergency due to actions performed in responding to a request for emergency assistance; (2) The requesting party is not liable for damages to the equipment and personnel of the responding party in response to the request for emergency assistance; and (3) Neither the requesting party nor its employees is liable for damages caused by the negligence of the personnel of the responding party while enroute to or from the scene of the emergency.