## TITLE 6

# LAW ENFORCEMENT<sup>1</sup>

### **CHAPTER**

- 1. ARREST PROCEDURES.
- 2. CITATIONS, WARRANTS, AND SUMMONSES.

#### CHAPTER 1

## ARREST PROCEDURES

#### SECTION

- 6-101. When policemen to make arrests.
- 6-102. Disposition of persons arrested.
- 6-101. When policemen to make arrests.<sup>2</sup> Unless otherwise authorized or directed in this code or other applicable law, an arrest of the person shall be made by a policeman in the following cases:
- (1) Whenever he is in possession of a warrant for the arrest of the person.
- (2) Whenever an offense is committed or a breach of the peace is threatened in the officer's presence by the person.
- (3) Whenever a felony has in fact been committed and the officer has reasonable cause to believe the person has committed it.
- 6-102. <u>Disposition of persons arrested</u>. (1) <u>For code or ordinance violations</u>. Unless otherwise provided by law, a person arrested for a violation of this code or other town ordinance, shall be brought before the town court. However, if the town court is not in session, the arrested person shall be allowed to post bond with the town court clerk, or, if the town court clerk is not available, with the ranking police officer on duty. If the arrested person fails or refuses to post bond, he shall be confined pending his release by the city judge. In addition, if the arrested person is under the influence of alcohol or drugs when arrested, even if he is arrested for an offense unrelated to the

Issuance of citations in lieu of arrest in traffic cases: title 15, chapter 7.

Issuance of citation in lieu of arrest in traffic cases: title 15, chapter 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Municipal code reference

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Municipal code reference

consumption of alcohol or drugs, the person shall be confined until he does not pose a danger to himself or to any other person.

(2) <u>Felonies or misdemeanors</u>. A person arrested for a felony or a misdemeanor shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable federal and state law and the rules of the court which has jurisdiction over the offender.

## CHAPTER 2

#### CITATIONS, WARRANTS, AND SUMMONSES

## **SECTION**

6-201. Summonses in lieu of arrest.

6-201. <u>Summonses in lieu of arrest</u>. Pursuant to <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 7-63-201 et seq., which authorizes the town council to designate certain town enforcement officers the authority to issue ordinance summonses in the areas of sanitation, litter control and animal control, the board designates the mayor to issue ordinance summonses in those areas. The mayor may <u>not</u> arrest violators or issue citations in lieu of arrest, but upon witnessing a violation of any ordinance, law or regulation in the areas of sanitation, litter control or animal control, may issue an ordinance summons and give the summons to the offender.

The ordinance summons shall contain the name and address of the person being summoned and such other information necessary to identify and give the person summoned notice of the charge against him, and state a specific date and place for the offender to appear and answer the charges against him.

The ordinance summons shall also contain an agreement to appear, which shall be signed by the offender. If the offender refuses to sign the agreement to appear, the mayor in whose presence the offense occurred may (1) have a summons issued by the clerk of the city court, or (2) may seek the assistance of a police officer to witness the violation. The police officer who witnesses the violation may issue a citation in lieu of arrest for the violation, or arrest the offender for failure to sign the citation in lieu of arrest.

It shall be unlawful for any person to violate his agreement to appear in court, regardless of the disposition of the charge for which the ordinance summons was issued.