TITLE 5

MUNICIPAL FINANCE AND TAXATION

CHAPTER

- 1. REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES.
- 2. WHOLESALE BEER TAX.

3. PRIVILEGE TAXES.

CHAPTER 1

REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES

SECTION

5-101. When due and payable.

5-102. When delinquent; penalty and interest.

5-101. <u>When due and payable</u>.¹ Taxes levied by the town against real and personal property shall become due and payable annually on the first day of November of the year for which levied.²

5-102. <u>When delinquent; penalty and interest</u>.³ All real property taxes shall become delinquent on and after the first day of March next after they

 $^2 \mathrm{Charter}$ reference: Art. VI, § 2 establishes a tax due date of the first day of November.

³State law reference

<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 67-5-2010(b) provides that if the county trustee collects the municipality's property taxes, a penalty of 1/2 of 1% and interest of 1% shall be added on the first day of March following the tax due date, and on the first day of each succeeding month.

¹State law reference

<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, sections 67-1-701, 67-1-702 and 67-1-801, read together, permit a municipality to collect its own property taxes if its charter authorizes it to do so, or to turn over the collection of its property taxes to the county trustee. Apparently, under those same provisions, if a municipality collects its own property taxes, tax due and delinquency dates are as prescribed by the charter; if the county trustee collects them, the tax due date is the first Monday in October, and the delinquency date is the following March 1.

become due and payable and shall thereupon be subject to such penalty and interest as is authorized and prescribed by the state law for delinquent county real property taxes.¹

- (1) Under the provisions of its charter for the collection of delinquent property taxes.
- (2) Under <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, sections 6-55-201--6-55-206.
- (3) By the county trustee under <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, section 67-5-2005.

¹Charter and state law references

A municipality has the option of collecting delinquent property taxes any one of three ways:

CHAPTER 2

WHOLESALE BEER TAX

SECTION 5-201. To be collected.

5-201. <u>To be collected</u>. The town recorder is hereby directed to take appropriate action to assure payment to the town of the wholesale beer tax levied by the "Wholesale Beer Tax Act," as set out in <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 57, chapter 6.¹

¹State law reference

<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 57, chapter 6 provides for a tax of 17% on the sale of beer at wholesale. Every wholesaler is required to remit to each municipality the amount of the net tax on beer wholesale sales to retailers and other persons within the corporate limits of the municipality.

Municipal code reference

Alcohol and beer regulations: title 8.

CHAPTER 3

PRIVILEGE TAXES

SECTION 5-301. Tax levied. 5-302. License required.

5-301. <u>Tax levied</u>. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this code, there is hereby levied on all vocations, occupations, and businesses declared by the general laws of the state to be privileges taxable by municipalities, an annual privilege tax in the maximum amount allowed by state laws. The taxes provided for in the state's "Business Tax Act" (<u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 67-4-701, <u>et seq</u>.) are hereby expressly enacted, ordained, and levied on the businesses, business activities, vocations, and occupations carried on within the city at the rates and in the manner prescribed by the act.

5-302. <u>License required</u>. No person shall exercise any such privilege within the city without a currently effective privilege license, which shall be issued by the recorder to each applicant therefor upon the applicant's payment of the appropriate privilege tax. Violations of this section shall be punished under the general penalty provisions of this code of ordinances.