TITLE 11

MUNICIPAL OFFENSES¹

CHAPTER

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CHAPTER 1

ALCOHOL²

SECTION

- 11-101. Drinking alcoholic beverages in public, etc.
- 11-102. Minors in beer places.
- 11-101. <u>Drinking alcoholic beverages in public, etc</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to drink, consume, or have an open can or bottle of beer or intoxicating liquor in or on any public street, alley, avenue, highway, sidewalk, public park, public school ground or other public place. (1988 Code, § 10-202)
- 11-102. <u>Minors in beer places</u>. No person under the age of twenty-one (21) shall loiter in or around or otherwise frequent any place where beer is sold at retail for on premises consumption. (1988 Code, § 10-203)

¹Municipal code references

Animals and fowls: title 10. Housing and utilities: title 12. Fireworks and explosives: title 7.

Traffic offenses: title 15.

Streets and sidewalks (non-traffic): title 16.

²Municipal code reference

Sale of alcoholic beverages, including beer: title 8.

State law reference

See <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u> § 33-8-203 (<u>Arrest for Public Intoxication</u>, cities may not pass separate legislation).

FORTUNE TELLING, ETC.

SECTION

11-201. Fortune telling, etc.

11-201. <u>Fortune telling, etc</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to hold himself forth to the public as a fortune teller, clairvoyant, hypnotist, spiritualist, palmist, phrenologist, or other mystic endowed with supernatural powers. (1988 Code, § 10-303)

OFFENSES AGAINST THE PEACE AND QUIET

- 11-301. Disturbing the peace.
- 11-302. Anti-noise regulations.
- 11-301. <u>Disturbing the peace</u>. No person shall disturb, tend to disturb, or aid in disturbing the peace of others by violent, tumultuous, offensive, or obstreperous conduct, and no person shall knowingly permit such conduct upon any premises owned or possessed by him or under his control. (1988 Code, § 10-501)
- 11-302. <u>Anti-noise regulations</u>. Subject to the provisions of this section, the creating of any unreasonably loud, disturbing, and unnecessary noise is prohibited. Noise of such character, intensity, or duration as to be detrimental to the life or health of any individual, or in disturbance of the public peace and welfare, is prohibited.
- (1) <u>Miscellaneous prohibited noises enumerated</u>. The following acts, among others, are declared to be loud, disturbing, and unnecessary noises in violation of this section, but this enumeration shall not be deemed to be exclusive, namely:
 - (a) <u>Blowing horns</u>. The sounding of any horn or other device on any automobile, motorcycle, bus, truck, or vehicle while not in motion except as a danger signal if another vehicle is approaching, apparently out of control, or if in motion, only as a danger signal after or as brakes are being applied and deceleration of the vehicle is intended; the creation by means of any such signal device of any unreasonably loud or harsh sound; and the sounding of such device for an unnecessary and unreasonable period of time.
 - (b) Radios, phonographs, etc. The playing of any radio, phonograph, or any musical instrument or sound device, including but not limited to loudspeakers or other devices for reproduction or amplification of sound, either independently of or in connection with motion pictures, radio, or television, in such a manner or with such volume, particularly during the hours between 11:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M., as to annoy or disturb the quiet, comfort, or repose of persons in any office or hospital, or in any dwelling, hotel, or other type of residence, or of any person in the vicinity.
 - (c) <u>Yelling, shouting, hooting, etc.</u> Yelling, shouting, whistling, or singing on the public streets, particularly between the hours of 11:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M., or at any time or place so as to annoy or disturb the

quiet, comfort, or repose of any person in any hospital, dwelling, hotel, or other type of residence, or of any person in the vicinity.

- (d) <u>Pets</u>. The keeping of any animal, bird, or fowl which by causing frequent or long continued noise shall disturb the comfort or repose of any person in the vicinity.
- (e) <u>Use of vehicle</u>. The use of any automobile, motorcycle, truck, or vehicle so out of repair, so loaded, or in such manner as to cause loud and unnecessary grating, grinding, rattling, or other noise.
- (f) <u>Blowing whistles</u>. The blowing of any steam whistle attached to any stationary boiler, except to give notice of the time to begin or stop work or as a warning of fire or danger, or upon request of proper town authorities.
- (g) <u>Exhaust discharge</u>. To discharge into the open air the exhaust of any steam engine, stationary internal combustion engine, motor vehicle, or boat engine, except through a muffler or other device which will effectively prevent loud or explosive noises therefrom.
- Building operations. The erection (including excavation), demolition, alteration, or repair of any building in any residential area or section or the construction or repair of streets and highways in any residential area or section, other than between the hours of 7:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M. on week days, except in case of urgent necessity in the interest of public health and safety, and then only with a permit from the town recorder granted for a period while the emergency continues not to exceed thirty (30) days. If the town recorder should determine that the public health and safety will not be impaired by the erection, demolition, alteration, or repair of any building or the excavation of streets and highways between the hours of 6:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M., and if he shall further determine that loss or inconvenience would result to any party in interest through delay, he may grant permission for such work to be done between the hours of 6:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. upon application being made at the time the permit for the work is awarded or during the process of the work.
- (i) <u>Noises near schools, hospitals, churches, etc.</u> The creation of any excessive noise on any street adjacent to any hospital or adjacent to any school, institution of learning, church, or court while the same is in session.
- (j) <u>Loading and unloading operations</u>. The creation of any loud and excessive noise in connection with the loading or unloading of any vehicle or the opening and destruction of bales, boxes, crates, and other containers.
- (k) <u>Noises to attract attention</u>. The use of any drum, loudspeaker, or other instrument or device emitting noise for the purpose of attracting attention to any performance, show, or sale or display of merchandise.

- (l) <u>Loudspeakers or amplifiers on vehicles</u>. The use of mechanical loudspeakers or amplifiers on trucks or other moving or standing vehicles for advertising or other purposes.
- (2) <u>Exceptions</u>. None of the terms or prohibitions hereof shall apply to or be enforced against:
 - (a) <u>Town vehicles</u>. Any vehicle of the town while engaged upon necessary public business.
 - (b) Repair of streets, etc. Excavations or repairs of bridges, streets, or highways at night, by or on behalf of the town, the county, or the state, when the public welfare and convenience renders it impracticable to perform such work during the day.
 - (c) Noncommercial and nonprofit use of loudspeakers or amplifiers. The reasonable use of amplifiers or loudspeakers in the course of public addresses which are noncommercial in character and in the course of advertising functions sponsored by nonprofit organizations. However, no such use shall be made until a permit therefor is secured from the board of mayor and aldermen. Hours for the use of an amplifier or public address system will be designated in the permit so issued and the use of such systems shall be restricted to the hours so designated in the permit. (1988 Code, § 10-502)

INTERFERENCE WITH PUBLIC OPERATIONS AND PERSONNEL

- 11-401. Impersonating a government officer or employee.
- 11-402. False emergency alarms.
- 11-401. <u>Impersonating a government officer or employee</u>. No person other than an official police officer of the town shall wear the uniform, apparel, or badge, or carry any identification card or other insignia of office like or similar to, or a colorable imitation of that adopted and worn or carried by the official police officers of the town. Furthermore, no person shall deceitfully impersonate or represent that he is any government officer or employee. (1988 Code, § 10-602)
- 11-402. <u>False emergency alarms</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally make, turn in, or give a false alarm of fire, or of need for police or ambulance assistance, or to aid or abet in the commission of such act. (1988 Code, § 10-603)

FIREARMS, WEAPONS AND MISSILES

- 11-501. Air rifles, etc.
- 11-502. Throwing missiles.
- 11-503. Discharging firearms in town.
- 11-501. <u>Air rifles, etc</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person in the town to discharge any air gun, air pistol, air rifle, "BB" gun, or sling shot capable of discharging a bullet or pellet, made of metal, plastic or any other kind of material, whether propelled by spring, compressed air, expanding gas, explosive, or other force-producing means or method. (1988 Code, § 10-701)
- 11-502. <u>Throwing missiles</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person maliciously to throw any stone, snowball, bottle, or any other missile upon or at any vehicle, building, tree, or other public or private property or upon or at any person. (1988 Code, § 10-702)
- 11-503. <u>Discharging firearms in town</u>. It shall be unlawful for any unauthorized person to discharge a firearm within the corporate limits. (1988 Code, § 10-703)

TRESPASSING, MALICIOUS MISCHIEF AND INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC

SECTION

- 11-601. Trespassing.
- 11-602. Malicious mischief.
- 11-603. Interference with traffic.
 - **11-601. Trespassing**. (1) On premises open to the public. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to defy a lawful order, personally communicated to him by the owner or other authorized person, not to enter or remain upon the premises of another, including premises which are at the time open to the public.
 - (b) The owner of the premises, or his authorized agent, may lawfully order another not to enter or remain upon the premises if such person is committing, or commits, any act which interferes with, or tends to interfere with, the normal, orderly, peaceful or efficient conduct of the activities of such premises.
- (2) On premises closed or partially closed to public. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly enter or remain upon the premises of another which is not open to the public, notwithstanding that another part of the premises is at the time open to the public.
- (3) <u>Vacant buildings</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to enter or remain upon the premises of a vacated building after notice against trespass is personally communicated to him by the owner or other authorized person or is posted in a conspicuous manner.
- (4) <u>Lots and buildings in general</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to enter or remain on or in any lot or parcel of land or any building or other structure after notice against trespass is personally communicated to him by the owner or other authorized person or is posted in a conspicuous manner.
- (5) <u>Peddlers, etc.</u> It shall also be unlawful and deemed to be a trespass for any peddler, canvasser, solicitor, transient merchant, or other person to fail to promptly leave the private premises of any person who requests or directs him to leave.² (1988 Code, § 10-801)

Subsections (1) through (4) of this section were taken substantially from Tennessee Code Annotated, § 39-3-1201 et seq.

Provisions governing peddlers: title 9, chapter 1.

¹State law reference

²Municipal code reference

- 11-602. <u>Malicious mischief</u>. It shall be unlawful and deemed to be malicious mischief for any person to willfully, maliciously, or wantonly damage, deface, destroy, conceal, tamper with, remove, or withhold real or personal property which does not belong to him. (1988 Code, § 10-802)
- 11-603. <u>Interference with traffic</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to stand, sit, or engage in any activity whatever on any public street, sidewalk, bridge, or public ground in such a manner as to prevent, obstruct, or interfere unreasonably with the free passage of pedestrian or vehicular traffic thereon. (1988 Code, § 10-803)

PUBLIC INDECENCY

- 11-701. Public indecency prohibited
- 11-702. Defenses.
- 11-701. <u>Public indecency prohibited</u>. (1) A person commits the offense of public indecency when he or she performs any of the following acts in a place where a person should reasonably expect to be in view of the public:
 - (a) An actual or simulated act of sexual intercourse or masturbation;
 - (b) Exposure of the genitals;
 - (c) A lewd appearance in a state of partial or complete nudity;
 - (d) A lewd caress or indecent fondling of the body of another person;
 - (e) A lewd caress or indecent fondling of the sexual organs of any person, including oneself;
 - (f) Urination or defecation; or
 - (g) Appears wearing pants or skirts more than three inches (3") below the top of the hips (crest of the ilium) exposing the skin or undergarments.
- (2) <u>Fines and penalties</u>. A citation shall be issued to the offender and the person shall be subject to a penalty of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) on the first offense and not more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each subsequent offense. In addition to the fine, the court may order such person to participate in up to forty (40) hours of court community service activities. Violators shall not be subject to arrest or imprisonment for the violation of this section, however, the municipal court shall have the same authority as the superior court to enforce obedience to its orders, judgments, and sentences. (as added by Ord. #5-12-014, June 2014)
- 11-702. <u>Defenses</u>. It is a defense under this subchapter if it is determined, after a hearing trial, that the person was exercising rights protected by the federal or state constitution. Any defense under this subsection must be asserted prior to any hearing or trial in the matter. (as added by Ord. #5-12-014, June 2014)