TITLE 8

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES¹

CHAPTER

1. INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

2. BEER.

CHAPTER 1

INTOXICATING LIQUORS

SECTION

8-101. Prohibited generally.

8-101. <u>Prohibited generally</u>. Except as authorized by applicable laws² and/or ordinances, it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, receive, possess, store, transport, sell, furnish, or solicit orders for any intoxicating liquor within this town. "Intoxicating liquor" shall be defined to include whiskey, wine, "home brew," "moonshine," and all other intoxicating, spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors and beers which contain more than five percent (5%) of alcohol by weight. (1983 Code, § 2-101)

²State law reference <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 39, chapter 17.

¹State law reference <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 57.

CHAPTER 2

BEER¹

SECTION

- 8-201. "Beer" defined.
- 8-202. Permit required for engaging in beer business.
- 8-203. Beer permits shall be restrictive.
- 8-204. Issuance of permits to aliens prohibited.
- 8-205. Interference with public health, safety, and morals prohibited.
- 8-206. Issuance of permits to persons convicted of certain crimes prohibited.
- 8-207. Prohibited conduct or activities by beer permit holders.
- 8-208. Revocation of beer permits.

8-201. <u>"Beer" defined</u>. The term "beer" as used in this chapter shall mean and include all beers, ales, and other malt liquors having an alcoholic content of not more than five percent (5%) by weight. (1983 Code, § 2-201)

8-202. <u>Permit required for engaging in beer business</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, store for sale, distribute for sale, or manufacture beer without first making application to and obtaining a permit from the board of mayor and aldermen. The application shall be made on such form as the board shall prescribe and/or furnish. Each applicant must be a person of good moral character and he must certify that he has read and is familiar with the provisions of this chapter. (1983 Code, § 2-202)

8-203. <u>Beer permits shall be restrictive</u>. All beer permits shall be restrictive as to the type of beer business authorized under them. Separate permits shall be required for selling at retail, storing, distributing, and manufacturing. Beer permits for the retail sale of beer may be further restricted by the beer board so as to authorize sales only for off premises consumption. It shall be unlawful for any beer permit holder to engage in any type or phase of the beer business not expressly authorized by his permit. It shall likewise be unlawful for him not to comply with any and all express restrictions or conditions which may be written into his permit by the board. (1983 Code, § 2-203)

¹State law reference

For a leading case on a municipality's authority to regulate beer, see the Tennessee Supreme Court decision in <u>Watkins v. Naifeh</u>, 635 S.W.2d 104 (1982).

8-204. <u>Issuance of permits to aliens prohibited</u>. No permit to engage in the beer business shall be granted to any person not a citizen of the United States nor to any syndicate or association unless all of the members thereof are citizens of the United States. (1983 Code, § 2-204)

8-205. Interference with public health, safety, and morals prohibited. No permit authorizing the sale of beer will be issued when such business would cause congestion of traffic or would interfere with schools, churches, or other places of public gathering, or would otherwise interfere with the public health, safety, and morals. The judgment of the board on such matters shall be final except as the same is subject to judicial review. (1983 Code, § 2-205)

8-206. <u>Issuance of permits to persons convicted of certain crimes</u> **prohibited**. No beer permit shall be issued to any person who has been convicted for the possession, sale, manufacture, or transportation of intoxicating liquor, or any crime involving moral turpitude within the past ten (10) years. (1983 Code, § 2-206)

8-207. <u>Prohibited conduct or activities by beer permit holders</u>. It shall be unlawful for any beer permit holder to:

(1) Employ any person convicted for the possession, sale, manufacture, or transportation of intoxicating liquor, or any crime involving moral turpitude within the past ten (10) years.

(2) Employ any minor under nineteen (19) years of age in the sale, storage, distribution, or manufacture of beer. (This provision shall not apply to grocery stores selling beer for off-premises consumption only.)

(3) Make or allow any sale of beer between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 6:00 A.M. during any night of the week; at any time on Sunday; or on election days before and while the polls are lawfully open.

(4) Allow any loud, unusual, or obnoxious noises to emanate from his premises.

(5) Make or allow any sale of beer to a minor under twenty-one (21) years of age.

(6) Allow any person under twenty-one (21) years of age to loiter in or about his place of business.

(7) Make or allow any sale of beer to any intoxicated person or to any feeble-minded, insane, or otherwise mentally incapacitated person.

(8) Allow drunk or disreputable persons to loiter about his premises.

(9) Serve, sell, or allow the consumption on his premises of any alcoholic beverage with an alcoholic content of more than five percent (5%) by weight.

(10) Fail to provide and maintain separate sanitary toilet facilities for men and women. (1983 Code, § 2-207, as amended by Ord. #504, March 1983, and Ord. #551, Nov. 1986, modified)

8-208. <u>Revocation of beer permits</u>. Any beer permit issued under the provisions of this chapter may be revoked by the board when the holder thereof is guilty of making a false statement or misrepresentation in his application or of violating any of the provisions of this chapter. However, no beer permit shall be revoked until a public hearing is held by the board after reasonable notice to all the known parties in interest. Revocation proceedings may be initiated by the police chief or by any member of the board of mayor and aldermen. (1983 Code, § 2-208)