TITLE 3

MUNICIPAL COURT¹

CHAPTER

- 1. TOWN JUDGE.
- 2. COURT ADMINISTRATION.
- 3. WARRANTS, SUMMONSES AND SUBPOENAS.
- 4. BONDS AND APPEALS.

CHAPTER 1

TOWN JUDGE

SECTION

- 3-101. Town judge.
- 3-102. Jurisdiction.
- **3-101.** <u>Town judge</u>. The current (2011) town judge is the town administrator. Upon his departure, the following will apply:
- (1) <u>Appointment</u>. The officer designated by the charter to handle judicial matters within the town shall preside over the town court and shall be known as the town judge.
- (2) <u>Salary</u>. The salary of the town judge shall be established in the annual budget. (1998 Code, § 3-101, modified)
- **3-102.** <u>Jurisdiction</u>. The town judge shall have the authority to try persons charged with the violation of municipal ordinances, and to punish persons convicted of such violations by levying a civil penalty under the general penalty provision of this code.

City judge--city court: § 6-4-301.

¹Charter references

CHAPTER 2

COURT ADMINISTRATION

SECTION

- 3-201. Maintenance of docket.
- 3-202. Imposition of fines, penalties, and costs.
- 3-203. Disposition and report of fines, penalties, and costs.
- 3-204. Contempt of court.
- 3-205. Trial and disposition of cases.
- **3-201.** Maintenance of docket. The town judge shall keep a complete docket of all matters coming before him in his judicial capacity. The docket shall include for each defendant such information as his name; warrant and/or summons numbers; alleged offense; disposition; fines, penalties, and costs imposed and whether collected, and all other information that may be relevant. (1998 Code, § 3-201, modified)
- **3-202.** <u>Imposition of fines, penalties, and costs</u>. All fines, penalties and costs shall be imposed and recorded by the town judge on the town court docket in open court.

The court cost to be used by the town judge in assessing the bill of costs in cases in the town court shall be one hundred dollars (\$100.00), including the state litigation taxes. Such court cost shall be in addition to any special court costs that may be assessed under the provisions of the municipal charter. One dollar (\$1.00) of the court costs shall be forwarded by the court clerk to the state treasurer to be used by the administrative office of the courts for training and continuing education courses for municipal court judges and municipal court clerks. (1998 Code, § 3-202, as amended by Ord. #243, May 2005, modified)

- 3-203. <u>Disposition and report of fines, penalties, and costs</u>. All funds coming into the hands of the town judge in the form of fines, penalties, costs, and forfeitures shall be recorded by him and paid over daily to the town. At the end of each month he shall submit to the board of mayor and aldermen a report accounting for the collection or non-collection of all fines, penalties, and costs imposed by his court during the current month and to date for the current fiscal year. (1998 Code, § 3-203)
- **3-204.** Contempt of court. Contempt of court is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars (\$50.00) or such lesser amount as may be imposed in the judge's discretion.

3-205. Trial and disposition of cases. Every person charged with violating a municipal ordinance shall be entitled to an immediate trial and disposition of his case, provided the town court is in session or the town judge is reasonably available. However, the provisions of this section shall not apply when the alleged offender, by reason of drunkenness or other incapacity, is not in a proper condition or is not able to appear before the court. (1998 Code, § 3-205)

¹Municipal code reference Disposition of persons arrested: § 6-105.

CHAPTER 3

WARRANTS, SUMMONSES AND SUBPOENAS

SECTION

- 3-301. Issuance of arrest warrants.
- 3-302. Issuance of summonses.
- 3-303. Issuance of subpoenas.
- **3-301.** <u>Issuance of arrest warrants</u>. The town judge shall have the power to issue warrants for the arrest of persons charged with violating municipal ordinances. (1998 Code, § 3-301)
- 3-302. <u>Issuance of summonses</u>. When a complaint of an alleged ordinance violation is made to the town judge, the judge may in his discretion, in lieu of issuing an arrest warrant, issue a summons ordering the alleged offender to personally appear before the town court at a time specified therein to answer to the charges against him. The summons shall contain a brief description of the offense charged but need not set out verbatim the provisions of the ordinance alleged to have been violated. Upon failure of any person to appear before the town court as commanded in a summons lawfully served on him, the cause may be proceeded with ex parte, and the judgment of the court shall be valid and binding subject to the defendant's right of appeal. (1998 Code, § 3-302)
- **3-303.** <u>Issuance of subpoenas</u>. The town judge may subpoena as witnesses all persons whose testimony he believes will be relevant and material to matters coming before his court, and it shall be unlawful for any person lawfully served with such a subpoena to fail or neglect to comply therewith. (1998 Code, § 3-303)

¹State law reference

For authority to issue warrants, see <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 40, chapter 6.

CHAPTER 4

BONDS AND APPEALS

SECTION

- 3-401. Appearance bonds authorized.
- 3-402. Appeals.
- 3-403. Bond amounts, conditions, and forms.
- **3-401.** Appearance bonds authorized. When the town judge is not available or when an alleged offender requests and has reasonable grounds for a delay in the trial of his case, he may, in lieu of remaining in jail pending disposition of his case, be allowed to post an appearance bond with the town judge or, in the absence of the judge, with the ranking police officer on duty at the time, provided such alleged offender is not drunk or otherwise in need of protective custody. (1998 Code, § 3-401)
- **3-402. Appeals**. Any person who is dissatisfied with any judgment of the town court against him may, within ten (10) entire days thereafter, Sundays exclusive, appeal to the next term of the circuit court upon posting a proper appeal bond. "Person" as used in this section includes but is not limited to a natural person, corporation, business entity or the town. (1998 Code, § 3-402, modified)
- 3-403. Bond amounts, conditions, and forms. (1) An appearance bond in any case before the town court shall be in such amount as the town judge shall prescribe and shall be conditioned that the defendant shall appear for trial before the town court at the stated time and place. An appeal bond in any case shall be in the sum of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) and shall be conditioned that if the circuit court shall find against the appellant the fine or penalty and all costs of the trial and appeal shall be promptly paid by the defendant and/or his sureties. An appearance or appeal bond in any case may be made in the form of a cash deposit or by any corporate surety company authorized to do business in Tennessee or by two (2) private persons who individually own real property located within the county. No other type bond shall be acceptable.
 - (2) A bond is not required provided the defendant/appellant:
 - (a) Files the following oath of poverty:

 "I, ____ do solemnly swear under penalties of perjury, that owing to my

Tennessee Code Annotated, §§ 27-5-101 and 16-18-307.

¹State law reference

poverty, I am not able to bear the expense of the action which I am about to commence, and that I am justly entitled to the relief sought, to the best of my belief."

(b) Files an accompanying affidavit of indigency. (1998 Code, § 3-403, modified)