TITLE 15

MOTOR VEHICLES, TRAFFIC AND PARKING

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CHAPTER 1

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION
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1Municipal code reference
Excavations and obstructions in streets, etc.: title 16.

2State law references
Under Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-10-307, the following offenses are exclusively state offenses and must be tried in a state court or a court having state jurisdiction: driving while intoxicated or drugged, as prohibited by Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-10-401; failing to stop after a traffic accident, as prohibited by Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-10-101, et seq.; driving while license is suspended or revoked, as prohibited by Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-7-116; and drag racing, as prohibited by Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-10-501.
15-101. **Motor vehicle requirements.** It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any motor vehicle within the corporate limits unless such vehicle is equipped with properly operating muffler, lights, brakes, horn, and such other equipment as is prescribed and required by *Tennessee Code Annotated*, title 55, chapter 9. (1994 Code, § 15-101)

15-102. **Driving on streets closed for repairs, etc.** Except for necessary access to property abutting thereon, no motor vehicle shall be driven upon any street that is barricaded or closed for repairs or other lawful purpose. (1994 Code, § 15-102)

15-103. **Careless driving.** Every person operating a vehicle upon the streets within the city shall drive the same in a careful and prudent manner, having regard for the width, grade, curves, corners, traffic, and use of these streets and all other attendant circumstances, so as not to endanger the life, limb, or property of any person. Failure to drive in such manner shall constitute careless driving and a violation of this section. (1994 Code, § 15-103)

15-104. **Unlaned streets.** (1) Upon all unlaned streets of sufficient width, a vehicle shall be driven upon the right half of the street except:
   (a) When lawfully overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction.
   (b) When the right half of a roadway is closed to traffic while under construction or repair.

(2) All vehicles proceeding at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing shall be driven as
close as practicable to the right hand curb or edge of the roadway, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction or when preparing for a left turn. (1994 Code, § 15-104)

15-105. **Laned streets.** On streets marked with traffic lanes, it shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to fail or refuse to keep his vehicle within the boundaries of the proper lane for his direction of travel except when lawfully passing another vehicle or preparatory to making a lawful turning movement.

On two (2) lane and three (3) lane streets, the proper lane for travel shall be the right hand lane unless otherwise clearly marked. On streets with four (4) or more lanes, either of the right hand lanes shall be available for use except that traffic moving at less than the normal rate of speed shall use the extreme right hand lane. (1994 Code, § 15-105)

15-106. **Yellow lines.** On streets with a yellow line placed to the right of any lane line or center line, such yellow line shall designate a no-passing zone, and no operator shall drive his vehicle or any part thereof across or to the left of such yellow line except when necessary to make a lawful left turn from such street. (1994 Code, § 15-106)

15-107. **Miscellaneous traffic-control signs, etc.** It shall be unlawful for any pedestrian or the operator of any vehicle to violate or fail to comply with any traffic-control sign, signal, marking, or device placed or erected by the state or the city unless otherwise directed by a police officer.

It shall be unlawful for any pedestrian or the operator of any vehicle willfully to violate or fail to comply with the reasonable directions of any police officer. (1994 Code, § 15-107)

15-108. **General requirements for traffic-control signs, etc.** Pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated, § 54-5-108, all traffic control signs, signals, markings, and devices shall conform to the latest revision of the Tennessee Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, and shall be uniform as to type and location throughout the city. (1994 Code, § 15-108, modified)

15-109. **Unauthorized traffic-control signs, etc.** No person shall place, maintain, or display upon or in view of any street, any unauthorized sign, signal, marking, or device which purports to be or is an imitation of or resembles

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1Municipal code references
Stop signs, yield signs, flashing signals, pedestrian control signs, traffic control signals generally: §§ 15-505--15-509.
an official traffic-control sign, signal, marking, or device or railroad sign or signal, or which attempts to control the movement of traffic or parking of vehicles, or which hides from view or interferes with the effectiveness of any official traffic-control sign, signal, marking, or device or any railroad sign or signal. (1994 Code, § 15-109)

15-110. Presumption with respect to traffic-control signs, etc. When a traffic-control sign, signal, marking, or device has been placed, the presumption shall be that it is official and that it has been lawfully placed by the proper authority. All presently installed traffic-control signs, signals, markings and devices are hereby expressly authorized, ratified, approved and made official. (1994 Code, § 15-110)

15-111. School safety patrols. All motorists and pedestrians shall obey the directions or signals of school safety patrols when such patrols are assigned under the authority of the chief of police and are acting in accordance with instructions; provided, that such persons giving any order, signal, or direction shall at the time be wearing some insignia and/or using authorized flags for giving signals. (1994 Code, § 15-111)

15-112. Driving through funerals or other processions. Except when otherwise directed by a police officer, no driver of a vehicle shall drive between the vehicles comprising a funeral or other authorized procession while they are in motion and when such vehicles are conspicuously designated. (1994 Code, § 15-112)

15-113. Clinging to vehicles in motion. It shall be unlawful for any person traveling upon any bicycle, motorcycle, coaster, sled, roller skates, or any other vehicle to cling to, or attach himself or his vehicle to any other moving vehicle upon any street, alley, or other public way or place. (1994 Code, § 15-113)

15-114. Riding on outside of vehicles. It shall be unlawful for any person to ride, or for the owner or operator of any motor vehicle being operated on a street, alley, or other public way or place to permit any person to ride on any portion of such vehicle not designed or intended for the use of passengers. This section shall not apply to persons engaged in the necessary discharge of lawful duties nor to persons riding in the load-carrying space of trucks. (1994 Code, § 15-114)

15-115. Backing vehicles. The driver of a vehicle shall not back the same unless such movement can be made with reasonable safety and without interfering with other traffic. (1994 Code, § 15-115)
15-116. **Projections from the rear of vehicles.** Whenever the load or any projecting portion of any vehicle shall extend beyond the rear of the bed or body thereof, the operator shall display at the end of such load or projection, in such position as to be clearly visible from the rear of such vehicle, a red flag being not less than twelve (12) inches square. Between one-half (½) hour after sunset and one-half (½) hour before sunrise, there shall be displayed in place of the flag a red light plainly visible under normal atmospheric conditions at least two hundred (200) feet from the rear of such vehicle. (1994 Code, § 15-116)

15-117. **Causing unnecessary noise.** It shall be unlawful for any person to cause unnecessary noise by unnecessarily sounding the horn, "racing" the motor, or causing the "screeching" or "squealing" of the tires on any motor vehicle. (1994 Code, § 15-117)

15-118. **Vehicles and operators to be licensed.** It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle in violation of the "Tennessee Motor Vehicle Title and Registration Law" or the "Uniform Motor Vehicle Operators' and Chauffeurs' License Law." (1994 Code, § 15-118)

15-119. **Passing.** Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of a vehicle passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance and shall not again drive to the right side of the street until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle. The driver of the overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle on audible signal and shall not increase the speed of his vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.

When the street is wide enough, the driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass upon the right of another vehicle which is making or about to make a left turn.

The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass another vehicle proceeding in the same direction either upon the left or upon the right on a street of sufficient width for four (4) or more lanes of moving traffic when such movement can be made in safety.

No person shall drive off the pavement or upon the shoulder of the street in overtaking or passing on the right.

When any vehicle has stopped at a marked crosswalk or at an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the street, no operator of any other vehicle approaching from the rear shall overtake and pass such stopped vehicle.

No vehicle operator shall attempt to pass another vehicle proceeding in the same direction unless he can see that the way ahead is sufficiently clear and unobstructed to enable him to make the movement in safety. (1994 Code, § 15-119)
15-120. **Damaging pavements.** No person shall operate or cause to be operated upon any street of the municipality any vehicle, motor propelled or otherwise, which by reason of its weight or the character of its wheels, tires, or track is likely to damage the surface or foundation of the street. (1994 Code, § 15-120)

15-121. **Bicycle riders, etc.** Every person riding or operating a bicycle, motorcycle, or motor driven cycle shall be subject to the provisions of all traffic ordinances, rules, and regulations of the city applicable to the driver or operator of other vehicles except as to those provisions which by their nature can have no application to bicycles, motorcycles, or motor driven cycles.

No person operating or riding a bicycle, motorcycle, or motor driven cycle shall ride other than upon or astride the permanent and regular seat attached thereto, nor shall the operator carry any other person upon such vehicle other than upon a firmly attached and regular seat thereon.

No bicycle, motorcycle, or motor driven cycle shall be used to carry more persons at one time than the number for which it is designed and equipped.

No person operating a bicycle, motorcycle, or motor driven cycle shall carry any package, bundle, or article which prevents the rider from keeping both hands upon the handlebar.

No person under the age of sixteen (16) years shall operate any motorcycle or motor driven cycle while any other person is a passenger upon said motor vehicle.

All motorcycles and motor driven cycles operated on public ways within the corporate limits shall be equipped with crash bars approved by the state's commissioner of safety.

Each driver of a motorcycle or motor driven cycle and any passenger thereon shall be required to wear on his head a crash helmet of a type approved by the state's commissioner of safety.

Every motorcycle or motor driven cycle operated upon any public way within the corporate limits shall be equipped with a windshield of a type approved by the state's commissioner of safety, or, in the alternative, the operator and any passenger on any such motorcycle or motor driven cycle shall be required to wear safety goggles of a type approved by the state's commissioner of safety for the purpose of preventing any flying object from striking the operator or any passenger in the eyes.

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate or ride on any vehicle in violation of this section, and it shall also be unlawful for any parent or guardian knowingly to permit any minor to operate a motorcycle or motor driven cycle in violation of this section. (1994 Code, § 15-121)

15-122. **Duty to stop in event of accident.** The driver of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to or death of any person or damage to property shall immediately stop such vehicle at the scene of such accident,
and shall give his name and address and registration number of his vehicle to the person struck or to the driver or occupant of any vehicle collided with, and shall render to any person injured in such accident reasonable assistance. (1994 Code, § 15-122)

15-123. **Duty to report accidents.** The operator of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury or death to any person or total property damage to an apparent extent of one hundred dollars or more shall immediately, by the quickest means of communication, give notice of such accident to the police department of the city. (1994 Code, § 15-123)

15-124. **Fleeing an officer.** It shall be unlawful for any driver of a motor vehicle willfully to fail or refuse to bring his vehicle to a stop, or otherwise flee or attempt to elude a pursuing police officer or vehicle when given visual or audible signal to bring his vehicle to a stop. The signal given by a police officer may be by hand, voice, emergency light, or siren. (1994 Code, § 15-124)

15-125. **Avoidance of traffic control signs, etc.** It shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to leave the roadway and travel across private property, or public property devoted to other than highway use, to avoid compliance with an official traffic signal or an official traffic sign or for the purpose of avoiding obedience to directions given by a police officer or any traffic regulation or ordinance. (Ord. #2009-6, May 2009)
CHAPTER 2

EMERGENCY VEHICLES

SECTION

15-201. Authorized emergency vehicles defined.
15-203. Following emergency vehicles.
15-204. Running over fire hoses, etc.

15-201. Authorized emergency vehicles defined. Authorized emergency vehicles shall be fire department vehicles, police vehicles, and such ambulances and other emergency vehicles as are designated by the chief of police. (1994 Code, § 15-201)

15-202. Operation of authorized emergency vehicles. 1 (1) The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle, when responding to an emergency call, or when in the pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law, or when responding to but not upon returning from a fire alarm, may exercise the privileges set forth in this section, subject to the conditions herein stated.

(2) The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle may park or stand, irrespective of the provisions of this title; proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down to ascertain that the intersection is clear; exceed the maximum speed limit and disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions so long as he does not endanger life or property.

(3) The exemptions herein granted for an authorized emergency vehicle shall apply only when the driver of any such vehicle while in motion sounds an audible signal by bell, siren, or exhaust whistle and when the vehicle is equipped with at least one (1) lighted lamp displaying a red light visible under normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of 500 feet to the front of such vehicle, except that an authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police vehicle need not be equipped with or display a red light visible from in front of the vehicle.

(4) The foregoing provisions shall not relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons, nor shall such provisions protect the driver from the consequences of his reckless disregard for the safety of others. (1994 Code, § 15-202)

1Municipal code reference
Operation of other vehicle upon the approach of emergency vehicles: § 15-501.
15-203. **Following emergency vehicles.** No driver of any vehicle shall follow any authorized emergency vehicle apparently travelling in response to an emergency call closer than five hundred (500) feet or drive or park such vehicle within the block where fire apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm. (1994 Code, § 15-203)

15-204. **Running over fire hoses, etc.** It shall be unlawful for any person to drive over any hose lines or other equipment of the fire department except in obedience to the direction of a fireman or policeman. (1994 Code, § 15-204)
CHAPTER 3

SPEED LIMITS

SECTION

15-301. In general.
15-302. At intersections.
15-304. In congested areas.

15-301. In general. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate or drive a motor vehicle upon any highway or street at a rate of speed in excess of thirty (30) miles per hour except where official signs have been posted indicating other speed limits, in which cases the posted speed limit shall apply. (1994 Code, § 15-301)

15-302. At intersections. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate or drive a motor vehicle through any intersection at a rate of speed in excess of fifteen (15) miles per hour unless such person is driving on a street regulated by traffic-control signals or signs which require traffic to stop or yield on the intersecting streets. (1994 Code, § 15-302)

15-303. In school zones. Generally, pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-8-152, special speed limits in school zones shall be enacted based on an engineering investigation; shall not be less than fifteen (15) miles per hour; and shall be in effect only when proper signs are posted with a warning flasher or flashers in operation. It shall be unlawful for any person to violate any such special speed limit enacted and in effect in accordance with this paragraph. Speed limits enacted pursuant to this paragraph shall not apply at school entrances and exits to and from controlled access highways on the system of state highways.

When the board of mayor and aldermen has not established special speed limits as provided for above, any person who shall drive at a speed exceeding fifteen (15) miles per hour when passing a school during a recess period when a warning flasher or flashers are in operation, or during a period of ninety (90) minutes before the opening hour of a school or a period of ninety (90) minutes after the closing hour of a school, while children are actually going to or leaving school, shall be prima facie guilty of reckless driving. (1994 Code, § 15-303, modified)

15-304. In congested areas. Whenever the board of mayor and aldermen determines upon the basis of an engineering or traffic investigation or study that any maximum speed set forth in the above sections is greater or less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at any
congested area, intersection, or other place, the board of mayor and aldermen may declare by resolution reasonable and safe maximum or minimum limits thereat, which shall be effective when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected. Such a maximum or minimum speed limit may be declared to be effective at all times or at such times as are indicated upon signs. Differing limits may be established for differing times of day, different types of vehicles, varying weather conditions, and other factors bearing on safe speed. (1994 Code, § 15-304)
CHAPTER 4

TURNING MOVEMENTS

SECTION
15-402. Right turns.
15-403. Left turns on two-way roadways.
15-404. Left turns on other than two-way roadways.

15-401. **Generally.** No person operating a motor vehicle shall make any turning movement which might affect any pedestrian or the operation of any other vehicle without first ascertaining that such movement can be made in safety and signaling his intention in accordance with the requirements of the state law.¹ (1994 Code, § 15-401)

15-402. **Right turns.** Both the approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practicable to the right hand curb or edge of the roadway. (1994 Code, § 15-402)

15-403. **Left turns on two-way roadways.** At any intersection where traffic is permitted to move in both directions on each roadway entering the intersection, an approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the right half of the roadway nearest the center line thereof and by passing to the right of the intersection of the center lines of the two roadways. (1994 Code, § 15-403)

15-404. **Left turns on other than two-way roadways.** At any intersection where traffic is restricted to one direction on one or more of the roadways, the driver of a vehicle intending to turn left at any such intersection shall approach the intersection in the extreme left hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of such vehicle and after entering the intersection the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection, as nearly as practicable, in the left hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in such direction upon the roadway being entered. (1994 Code, § 15-404)


¹State law reference
Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-8-143.
CHAPTER 5

STOPPING AND YIELDING

SECTION
15-501. When emerging from alleys, etc.
15-502. To prevent obstructing an intersection.
15-503. At railroad crossings.
15-504. At "stop" signs.
15-505. At "yield" signs.
15-506. At traffic-control signals generally.
15-507. At flashing traffic-control signals.
15-508. Stops to be signaled.

15-501. When emerging from alleys, etc. The drivers of all vehicles emerging from alleys, parking lots, driveways, or buildings shall stop such vehicles immediately prior to driving onto any sidewalk or street. They shall not proceed to drive onto the sidewalk or street until they can safely do so without colliding or interfering with approaching pedestrians or vehicles. (1994 Code, § 15-502)

15-502. To prevent obstructing an intersection. No driver shall enter any intersection or marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the other side of such intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing the passage of traffic in or on the intersecting street or crosswalk. This provision shall be effective notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to proceed. (1994 Code, § 15-503)

15-503. At railroad crossings. Any driver of a vehicle approaching a railroad grade crossing shall stop within not less than fifteen (15) feet from the nearest rail of such railroad and shall not proceed further while any of the following conditions exist:
   (1) A clearly visible electrical or mechanical signal device gives warning of the approach of a railroad train.
   (2) A crossing gate is lowered or a human flagman signals the approach of a railroad train.
   (3) A railroad train is approaching within approximately fifteen hundred (1500) feet of the highway crossing and is emitting an audible signal indicating its approach.
   (4) An approaching railroad train is plainly visible and is in hazardous proximity to the crossing. (1994 Code, § 15-504)

15-504. At "stop" signs. The driver of a vehicle facing a "stop" sign shall bring his vehicle to a complete stop immediately before entering the crosswalk
on the near side of the intersection or, if there is no crosswalk, then immediately before entering the intersection, and shall remain standing until he can proceed through the intersection in safety. (1994 Code, § 15-505)

15-505. At "yield" signs. The drivers of all vehicles shall yield the right of way to approaching vehicles before proceeding at all places where "yield" signs have been posted. (1994 Code, § 15-506)

15-506. At traffic-control signals generally. Traffic-control signals exhibiting the words "Go," "Caution," or "Stop," or exhibiting different colored lights successively one at a time, or with arrows, shall show the following colors only and shall apply to drivers of vehicles and pedestrians as follows:

(1) **Green alone, or "Go":**

   (a) Vehicular traffic facing the signal may proceed straight through or turn right or left unless a sign at such place prohibits such turn. But vehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left, shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk at the time such signal is exhibited.

   (b) Pedestrians facing the signal may proceed across the roadway within any marked or unmarked crosswalk.

(2) **Steady yellow alone, or "Caution":** Vehicular traffic facing the signal is thereby warned that the red or "Stop" signal will be exhibited immediately thereafter, and such vehicular traffic shall not enter or be crossing the intersection when the red or "Stop" signal is exhibited.

(3) **Steady red alone, or "Stop":** Vehicular traffic facing the signal shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection and shall remain standing until green or "Go" is shown alone. Provided, that a right turn on a red signal, generally, shall be permitted at all intersections within the city, provided that the prospective turning car comes to a full and complete stop before turning and that the turning car yields the right of way to pedestrians and cross traffic traveling in accordance with their traffic signal. However, said turn will not endanger other traffic lawfully using said intersection. A right turn on red shall be permitted at all intersections except those clearly marked by a "No Turns On Red" sign, which may be erected by the city at intersections which the city decides require no right turns on red in the interest of traffic safety.

(4) **Steady red with green arrow:** Vehicular traffic facing such signal may cautiously enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by such arrow but shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians lawfully within a crosswalk and to other traffic lawfully using the intersection.

(5) In the event an official traffic-control signal is erected and maintained at a place other than an intersection, the provisions of this section shall be applicable except as to those provisions which by their nature can have
no application. Any stop required shall be made at a sign or marking on the pavement indicating where the stop shall be made, but in the absence of any such sign or marking the stop shall be made a vehicle length short of the signal. (1994 Code, § 15-507)

15-507. At flashing traffic-control signals. (1) Whenever an illuminated flashing red or yellow signal is used in a traffic sign or signal placed or erected in the city it shall require obedience by vehicular traffic as follows:

(a) Flashing red (stop signal). When a red lens is illuminated with intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles shall stop before entering the nearest crosswalk at an intersection or at a limit line when marked, or if none, or if there is no crosswalk or limit line, then before entering the intersection, and the right to proceed shall be subject to the rules applicable after making a stop at a stop sign.

(b) Flashing yellow (caution signal). When a yellow lens is illuminated with intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles may proceed through the intersection or past such signal only with caution.

(2) This section shall not apply at railroad grade crossings. Conduct of drivers of vehicles approaching railroad grade crossings shall be governed by the rules set forth in § 15-504 of this code. (1994 Code, § 15-508)

15-508. Stops to be signaled. No person operating a motor vehicle shall stop such vehicle, whether in obedience to a traffic sign or signal or otherwise, without first signaling his intention in accordance with the requirements of the state law, except in an emergency. (1994 Code, § 15-509)

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1State law reference
Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-8-143.
CHAPTER 6

PARKING

SECTION
15-603. Occupancy of more than one space.
15-604. Street parking prohibited.
15-605. Loading and unloading zones.
15-606. Presumption with respect to illegal parking.
15-607. Trains.
15-608. Approved on-street parking in planned density residential developments.

15-601. Generally. No person shall wash, grease, or work on any vehicle, except to make repairs necessitated by an emergency, while such vehicle is parked on a public street. (1994 Code, § 15-601, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-602. Angle parking. On those streets which have been signed or marked by the city for angle parking, no person shall park or stand a vehicle other than at the angle indicated by such signs or markings. No person shall angle park any vehicle which has a trailer attached thereto or which has a length in excess of twenty-four feet (24’). (1994 Code, § 15-602, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-603. Occupancy of more than one space. No person shall park a vehicle in any designated parking space so that any part of such vehicle occupies more than one (1) such space or protrudes beyond the official markings on the street or curb designating such space unless the vehicle is too large to be parked within a single designated space. (1994 Code, § 15-603, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-604. Street parking prohibited. No person shall park a vehicle on a city street or pedestrian way at any time, unless approved as provided in § 15-608. (1994 Code, § 15-604, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-605. Loading and unloading zones. No person shall park a vehicle for any purpose or period of time other than for the expeditious loading or unloading of passengers or merchandise in any place marked by the city as a loading and unloading zone. (1994 Code, § 15-605, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)
15-606. Presumption with respect to illegal parking. When any unoccupied vehicle is found parked in violation of any provision of this chapter, there shall be a prima facie presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle is responsible for such illegal parking. (1994 Code, § 15-606, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-607. Trains. It shall be unlawful for a railroad train to stop and block or obstruct any street crossing within the City of La Vergne for a period in excess of ten (10) minutes. (1994 Code, § 15-608, as amended by Ord. #2009-02, March 2009, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-608. Approved on-street parking in planned density residential developments. On-street parking shall not be prohibited in a Planned Density Residential ("PDR") development if approved by the board of mayor and aldermen for such PDR development; provided, however, that such on-street parking, once constructed, strictly conforms with the PDR development's design book requirements for such on-street parking as adopted and approved by the board of mayor and aldermen. (Ord. #2009-02, March 2009, as deleted by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012, and added by Ord. #2019-31, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)
CHAPTER 7

ENFORCEMENT

SECTION
15-701. Issuance of traffic citations.
15-702. Failure to obey citation.
15-703. Illegal parking.
15-704. Towing and impoundment of vehicles.
15-705. Disposal of "abandoned motor vehicles."
15-706. Violation and penalty.
15-707. Citation.

15-701. Issuance of traffic citations. ¹ When a police officer halts a traffic violator other than for the purpose of giving a warning, and does not take such person into custody under arrest, he shall take the name, address, and operator's license number of said person, the license number of the motor vehicle involved, and such other pertinent information as may be necessary, and shall issue to him a written traffic citation containing a notice to answer to the charge against him in the municipal court at a specified time. The officer, upon receiving the written promise of the alleged violator to answer as specified in the citation, shall release such person from custody. It shall be unlawful for any alleged violator to give false or misleading information as to his name or address. (1994 Code, § 15-701)

15-702. Failure to obey citation. It shall be unlawful for any person to violate his written promise to appear in court after giving said promise to an officer upon the issuance of a traffic citation, regardless of the disposition of the charge for which the citation was originally issued. (1994 Code, § 15-702)

15-703. Illegal parking. Whenever any motor vehicle without a driver is found parked or stopped in violation of any of the restrictions imposed by this code, the officer finding such vehicle shall take its license number and may take any other information displayed on the vehicle which may identify its user, and shall conspicuously affix to such vehicle a citation for the driver and/or owner to answer for the violation within ten (10) days during the hours and at a place specified in the citation. (1994 Code, § 15-703, as replaced by Ord. #2012-08, June 2012)

¹State law reference
15-704. **Towing and impoundment of vehicles.** Members of the police department, and the codes enforcement officer, are hereby authorized, when reasonably necessary for the security of the vehicle or to prevent obstruction of traffic, to remove from the streets and impound any vehicle whose operator is arrested or any unattended vehicle which is parked so as to constitute an obstruction or hazard to normal traffic. Any impounded vehicle shall be towed, stored and retrieved in accordance with the provisions found in title 9, chapter 7 of the La Vergne Municipal Code. (1994 Code, § 15-704, as amended by Ord. #2009-02, March 2009)


15-706. **Violation and penalty.** Any violation of this title shall be a civil offense punishable as follows:

1. **Traffic citations.** Traffic citations shall be punishable by a civil penalty as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget for each separate offense.

2. **Parking violations.** If the offense is a parking violation, the offender may, within fourteen (14) days, have the charge against him disposed of by paying to the city court clerk a fine as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget provided he waives his right to a judicial hearing. If he appears and waives his right to a judicial hearing after fourteen (14) days but before his court date, his fine shall be as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget. If he appears in city court and is found guilty, his fine shall be as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget and he may be subject to paying court costs. (1994 Code, § 15-706, as amended by Ord. #2009-02, March 2009, and replaced by Ord. #2010-11, Aug. 2010, and Ord. #2021-35, Feb. 2022 Ch4_10-06-22)

15-707. **Citation.** For the purposes of this chapter, "citation" means a written citation or an electronic citation prepared by a law enforcement officer on paper or on an electronic data device with the intent the citation shall be filed, electronically or otherwise, with a court having jurisdiction over the alleged offense. (as added by Ord. #2019-30, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)
CHAPTER 8

CODES ADOPTED BY REFERENCE

SECTION 15-801. Adoption of state traffic statutes.

15-801. Adoption of state traffic statutes. (1) Tennessee Code Annotated, title 55, chapter 4, chapter 7, chapter 8, chapter 9, chapter 10, chapter 12, chapter 14, chapter 16 and chapter 50, as amended; provided, however, the maximum penalty for the specific violation is no more than a Class C misdemeanor offense, and the maximum civil penalty shall be as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget.

(2) The City of La Vergne Municipal Court shall also possess jurisdiction to enforce any municipal law or ordinance that mirrors, substantially duplicates or incorporates by cross-reference the language of a state criminal statute, as amended, if and only if the state criminal statute mirrored, duplicated or cross-referenced is a Class C misdemeanor and the maximum penalty prescribed by municipal law or ordinance is a civil fine and shall be as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget. (Ord. #2006-20, Oct. 2006, as replaced by Ord. #2019-29, Aug. 2019 Ch3_9-3-19, and Ord. #2021-35, Feb. 2022 Ch4_10-06-22)
CHAPTER 9

BOATING REGULATIONS OF THE STATE ADOPTED

SECTION
15-901. Boating regulations of the state adopted.

15-901. **Boating regulations of the state adopted.** The city shall require every owner and/or operator and occupant of a watercraft being operated within the corporate limits to comply with the safety and boating regulations as set forth in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, title 69, chapter 10. To ensure the safety of the public on waters and waterways within the corporate limits, the following statutes shall be adopted by reference as if published in whole:

*Tennessee Code Annotated:*
Title 69, Chapter 10. Safety and Boating Regulations

Rules of Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency:
- Chapter 1660-2-1 Rules and Regulations for Boating Certificates.
- Chapter 1660-2-3 Rules and Regulations Governing Classification of Vessels and Equipment and Lights Required.
- Chapter 1660-2-4 Rules and Regulations Governing Reporting of Boating Accidents.
- Chapter 1660-2-7-.05 Rules and Regulations Governing Operation of Vessels--Percy Priest Reservoir.
- Chapter 1660-2-8 Issuance of Special Permits.
- Chapter 1660-2-9 Rules and Regulations Governing Noise Level Standards.
- Chapter 1660-2-10 Rules and Regulations Governing Personal Watercraft.

(1994 Code, § 15-901)
CHAPTER 10
FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY LAW

SECTION
15-1001. Compliance with financial responsibility required.
15-1002. Civil offense.

15-1001. Compliance with financial responsibility required
(1) Every vehicle operated within the corporate limits must be in compliance with the financial responsibility law.
(2) At the time the driver of a motor vehicle is charged with any moving violation under title 55, chapters 8 and 10, parts 1-5, chapter 50; and provision in this title of this municipal code; or at the time of an accident for which notice is required under Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-10-106, the officer shall request evidence of financial responsibility as required by this section. In case of an accident for which notice is required under Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-10-106, the officer shall request such evidence from all drivers involved in the accident, without regard to apparent or actual fault.
(3) For the purposes of this section, “financial responsibility” means:
   (a) Documentation, such as the declaration page of an insurance policy, an insurance binder, or an insurance card from an insurance company authorized to do business in Tennessee, stating that a policy of insurance meeting the requirements of the Tennessee Financial Responsibility Law of 1977, compiled in Tennessee Code Annotated, chapter 12, title 55, has been issued;
   (b) A certificate, valid for one (1) year, issued by the commissioner of safety, stating that a cash deposit or bond in the amount required by the Tennessee Financial Responsibility Law of 1977, compiled in Tennessee Code Annotated, chapter 12, title 55, has been paid or filed with the commissioner, or has qualified as a self-insurer under Tennessee Code Annotated, § 55-12-111; or
   (c) The motor vehicle being operated at the time of the violation was owned by a carrier subject to the jurisdiction of the department of safety or the interstate commerce commission, or was owned by the United States, the State of Tennessee or any political subdivision thereof, and that such motor vehicle was being operated with the owner's consent.
(Ord. #2006-19, Oct. 2006)

15-1002. Civil offense. It is a civil offense to fail to provide evidence of financial responsibility pursuant to this ordinance. Any violation of this ordinance is punishable by a civil penalty as set forth in the fee schedule adopted with the annual budget. The civil penalty prescribed by this chapter
shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by the laws of this state or by the city's municipal code of ordinances. (Ord. #2006-19, Oct. 2006, as replaced by Ord. #2021-35, Feb. 2022 Ch4_10-06-22)

15-1003. **Evidence of compliance after violation**. On or before the court date, the person charged with a violation of this chapter may submit evidence of compliance with this chapter in effect at the time of the violation. If the court is satisfied that compliance was in effect at the time of the violation, the charge of failure to provide evidence of financial responsibility may be dismissed. (Ord. #2006-19, Oct. 2006)
CHAPTER 11

DRIVER EDUCATION COURSE

SECTION
15-1101. Driver education course.
15-1102. Fee.

15-1101. Driver education course. Any person violating any of the provisions of the La Vergne Municipal Code with respect to the operation, use, or control of a motor vehicle may be required, at the discretion of the municipal judge, to attend a driver education course approved by the Tennessee Department of Safety in addition to or in lieu of any portion of other penalty imposed. (as added by Ord. #2019-06, April 2019 Ch3_9-3-19, and replaced by Ord. #2022-01, March 2022 Ch4_10-06-22)

15-1102. Fee. The fee described in § 3-602 may be assessed for the driver education or driver improvement course; provided, that no one shall be refused admittance for inability to pay. (as added by Ord. #2019-06, April 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-1103. Records. By operating a driver education or improvement course pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the entity operating or conducting the course consents to the inspection of all records concerning the course by the state department of safety; provided, that inspection made pursuant to this provision shall not preclude inspection of any records pursuant to any other provision of law. (as added by Ord. #2019-06, April 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-1104. Report to department of safety. Upon certification to the municipal court clerk that a court ordered driver education course has been completed, the municipal court clerk shall report the completion to the Tennessee Department of Safety. (as added by Ord. #2019-06, April 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)

15-1105. Non-applicability. This chapter shall not apply to any person who holds a Class A, B, or C license and is charged with any violation, except a parking violation, in any type of motor vehicle. Further, this chapter shall not apply to any person who holds any class of driver's license and who is charged with any violation, except a parking violation, while operating a commercial motor vehicle. (as added by Ord. #2019-06, April 2019 Ch3_9-3-19)