CHAPTER 1

BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN

SECTION

1-101. Time and place of regular meetings.
1-102. Order of business.
1-103. General rules of order.
1-104. Ordinance adoption procedures.

1-101. **Time and place of regular meetings.** The board of mayor and aldermen shall hold regular monthly meetings at 7:00 P.M. on the second Monday of each month at the town hall or any place specified by notice. (1993 Code, § 1-101, modified)

1-102. **Order of business.** At each meeting of the board of mayor and aldermen, the following regular order of business shall be observed unless dispensed with by a majority vote of the members present:
   (1) Call to order by the mayor.

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1Charter references
See the charter index, the charter itself, and footnote references to the charter in the front of this code.

Municipal code references
- Building, plumbing, electrical and gas inspectors: title 12.
- Fire department: title 7.
- Utilities: titles 18 and 19.
- Wastewater treatment: title 18.

2Charter references
(2) Roll call by the recorder.
(3) Reading of minutes of the previous meeting by the recorder, and approval or correction.
(4) Grievances from citizens.
(5) Communications from the mayor.
(6) Reports from committees, members of the board of mayor and aldermen, and other officers.
(7) Old business.
(8) New business.
(9) Adjournment. (1993 Code, § 1-102)

1-103. **General rules of order.** The rules of order and parliamentary procedure contained in Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised, shall govern the transaction of business by and before the board of mayor and aldermen at its meetings in all cases to which they are applicable and in which they are not inconsistent with provisions of the charter or this code. (1993 Code, § 1-103, modified)

1-104. **Ordinance adoption procedures.** Any action of the board having a regulatory or penal effect, awarding franchises or required to be done by ordinance under the charter of La Grange or the general laws of the state, shall be done by ordinance. Other actions of the board may be accomplished by resolutions or motions. Ordinances and resolutions shall be furnished to each member of the board at the meeting in which introduced. The enacting clause of ordinances shall be "Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the Town of La Grange." An affirmative vote of a majority of the board of mayor and aldermen, present at the meeting, shall be necessary for the passage of any ordinance, resolution or motion. Every ordinance must be read and approved on two (2) readings to be held on separate dates but before it becomes effective it shall be signed and approved by the mayor and attested by the town recorder. (Ord. #2005-01, March 2005)
CHAPTER 2

MAYOR¹

SECTION

1-201. Generally supervises town's affairs.

1-201. **Generally supervises town's affairs.** The mayor shall have
general supervision of all town affairs and may require such reports from the
officers and employees as he may reasonably deem necessary to carry out his
executive responsibilities. (1993 Code, § 1-201)

1-202. **Executes town's contracts.** The mayor shall execute all
contracts as authorized by the board of mayor and aldermen. (1993 Code,
§ 1-202)

¹Charter references

§§ 3, 7, and 18.
CHAPTER 3

VICE-MAYOR

SECTION
1-301. Appointment.
1-302. Powers and duties.
1-303. Vacancy in the office of mayor.

1-301. **Appointment.** The board of mayor and aldermen, at the first regular meeting following each biennial election, shall elect from its membership an alderman to be a vice-mayor for a term of two (2) years. (1993 Code, § 1-301)

1-302. **Powers and duties.** The vice-mayor shall have and perform the same powers and duties of the mayor during the mayor's temporary absence or inability to act. (1993 Code, § 1-302)

1-303. **Vacancy in the office of mayor.** When a vacancy occurs in the office of mayor, the vice-mayor shall immediately assume the office of mayor for the remainder of the unexpired term. (1993 Code, § 1-303)
CHAPTER 4

RECORDER¹

SECTION
1-401. To be bonded.
1-402. To keep minutes, etc.
1-403. To perform general administrative duties, etc.

1-401. **To be bonded.** The recorder shall be bonded in such sum as may be fixed by, and with such surety as may be acceptable to, the board of mayor and aldermen. (1993 Code, § 1-401)

1-402. **To keep minutes, etc.** The recorder shall keep the minutes of all meetings of the board of mayor and aldermen and shall preserve the original copy of all ordinances in a separate ordinance book. (1993 Code, § 1-402)

1-403. **To perform general administrative duties, etc.** The recorder shall perform all administrative duties for the board of mayor and aldermen and for the town which are not assigned by the charter, this code, or the board of mayor and aldermen to another corporate officer. The recorder shall also have custody of and be responsible for maintaining all corporate bonds, records, and papers in such fireproof vault or safe as the town shall provide. (1993 Code, § 1-403)

¹Charter references
§§ 5(25), 6, 7, 10, 12, 16, and 18.
CHAPTER 5

CODE OF ETHICS¹

SECTION
1-501. Applicability.
1-503. Gift ban.
1-504. Gift ban exceptions.
1-505. Disposition of gifts.
1-506. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote.
1-507. Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters.
1-508. Town recorder to maintain disclosure file.
1-509. Ethics complaints.

¹State statutes dictate many of the ethics provisions that apply to municipal officials and employees. For provisions relative to the following, see the Tennessee Code Annotated (T.C.A.) sections indicated:

Campaign finance: Tennessee Code Annotated, title 2, ch. 10.


Conflict of interests disclosure statements: Tennessee Code Annotated, § 8-50-501 and the following sections.


Crimes involving public officials (bribery, soliciting unlawful compensation, buying and selling in regard to office): Tennessee Code Annotated, § 39-16-101 and the following sections.

Crimes of official misconduct, official oppression, misuse of official information: Tennessee Code Annotated, § 39-16-401 and the following sections.

Ouster law: Tennessee Code Annotated, § 8-47-101 and the following sections.

A brief synopsis of each of these laws appears in Appendix A of this municipal code.
1-510. Violations.

1-501. Applicability. This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the municipality. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality appointed or created by the municipality. The words "municipal" and "municipality" include these separate entities. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-502. Definitions. For the purposes of interpreting this chapter, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section:

(1) "Town" means the municipality of La Grange, Tennessee.
(2) "Gift" means the transfer or conveyance of anything of economic value, regardless of form, without adequate and lawful consideration.
(3) "Immediate family" means parents, spouse and children.
(4) "Personal interest" means:
   (a) The holding or acquisition of any financial or ownership interest of either ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) or five percent (5%) or greater in a business entity that has or is negotiating a contract of one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) or more with the town, or is regulated by any agency of the town, or
   (b) The ownership of any real estate having a value of one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) or greater which the town has or is negotiating an acquisition, leasehold, or easement agreement.
   (c) Any such financial or ownership interest as defined in subsections (a) and (b) above by the officer or employee's spouse or immediate family member. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-503. Gift ban. Except as permitted in § 1-504 of this chapter, no covered official or employee, nor any immediate family member of a covered official or employee, shall intentionally or knowingly solicit or accept any gift as defined herein. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-504. Gift ban exceptions. Section 1-503 of this chapter is not applicable to the following:

(1) Opportunities, benefits, and services that are available on the same conditions as for the general public.
(2) Anything for which the covered officer or employee, or a member of his or her immediate family, pays the fair market value.
(3) Any contribution that is lawfully made to the covered officer or employee's political campaign fund, or to that of his or her immediate family,
including any activities associated with a fundraising event in support of a political organization or candidate.

(4) Educational materials provided for the purpose of improving or evaluating municipal programs, performance, or proposals.

(5) A gift from a relative, meaning those persons related to the individual as father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, great aunt, great uncle, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, grandfather, grandmother, grandson, granddaughter, niece, husband, wife, grandfather, grandmother, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, half-sister, and including the father, mother, grandfather, or grandmother of the individual's spouse and the individual's fiancé or fiancée.

(6) Anything provided by an individual on the basis of a personal friendship unless the recipient has reason to believe that, under the circumstances, the gift was provided because of the official position or employment of the recipient or his or her spouse or immediate family member and not because of the personal friendship. In determining whether a gift is provided on the basis of personal friendship, the recipient shall consider the circumstances under which the gift was offered, such as:

(a) The history of the relationship between the individual giving the gift and the recipient of the gift, including any previous exchange of gifts between those individuals; and

(b) Whether to the actual knowledge of the recipient the individual who gave the gift personally paid for the gift or sought a tax deduction or business reimbursement for the gift; and

(c) Whether to the actual knowledge of the recipient the individual who gave the gift also at the same time gave the same or similar gifts to other officers or employees, or their spouses or immediate family members.

(7) Food or refreshments not exceeding fifty dollars ($50.00) per person in value on a single calendar day; provided that the food or refreshments are:

(a) Consumed on the premises from which they were purchased or prepared; or

(b) Catered.

For the purposes of this charter, "catered" means food or refreshments that are purchased ready to consume which are delivered by any means.

(8) Food, refreshments, lodging, transportation, and other benefits resulting from the outside business or employment activities (or outside activities that are not connected to the official duties of an officer or employee), if the benefits have not been offered or enhanced because of the official position or employment of the officer or employee, and are customarily provided to others in similar circumstances.

(9) Intra-governmental and inter-governmental gifts. For the purpose of this chapter, "intra-governmental gift" means any gift that is given to an
officer or employee from another officer or employee, and "inter-governmental gift" means any gift given to an officer or employee by an officer or employee of another governmental entity.

(10) Bequests, inheritances, and other transfers at death.

(11) Ceremonial gifts or awards which have insignificant monetary value.

(12) Unsolicited gifts of nominal value or trivial items of informational value. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-505. Disposition of gifts. An officer or employee, his or her spouse or an immediate family member, does not violate this chapter if the recipient promptly takes reasonable action to return a prohibited gift to its source or gives the gift or an amount equal to its value to an appropriate charity that is exempt from income taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, renumbered, or succeeded. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-506. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote. An official with the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote takes place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that affects the official's vote on the measure. Additionally, the official may recuse himself or herself from voting on the measure. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-507. Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the matter that affects the exercise of discretion shall disclose, before the exercise of the discretion when possible, the interest on a form provided by and filed with the town recorder. In addition, the official or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse himself or herself from the exercise of discretion in the matter. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-508. Town recorder to maintain disclosure file. The town recorder shall keep and maintain all financial disclosure statements required to be filed herein as public records and shall retain them for a period of five (5) years after which the statements shall be destroyed. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)

1-509. Ethics complaints. An official or employee may not accept or continue any outside employment if the work unreasonably inhibits the performance of any affirmative duty of the municipal position or conflicts with any provision of the municipality's charter or any ordinance or policy. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)
1-510. Violations. (1) The town attorney is designated as the ethics officer of the town. Upon the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a provision of this chapter, the town attorney may render an oral or written advisory ethics opinion based upon this chapter and other applicable laws.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the town attorney shall investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee charging any violation of this chapter, or may undertake an investigation on his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible violation and make recommendations to end or seek retribution for any activity that, in the attorney's judgment, constitutes a violation of this chapter. The town attorney may request that the board of mayor and alderman retain another attorney, individual, or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interests in a particular matter.

(3) When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this chapter is lodged against the mayor or a member of the governing body, the governing body shall either determine that the complaint has merit, determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If the board of mayor and alderman determines that a complaint warrants further investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the town attorney or another individual or entity chosen by the board of mayor and alderman.

(4) When a violation of this chapter also constitutes a violation of the town's personnel policies, rules, or regulations, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel provisions rather than as a violation of this chapter. (Ord. #2007-001, April 2007)