CHAPTER
1. MISCELLANEOUS.
2. REAL PROPERTY TAXES.
3. PRIVILEGE TAXES.
4. WHOLESALE BEER TAX.

CHAPTER 1

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION

5-101. **Official depository for city funds.** The Greenfield Banking Company and the Community Bank of Greenfield, both of Greenfield, Tennessee, are hereby designated as the official depositories for all city funds.


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1 Charter references
   Fiscal year: § 25.
   Taxes: § 33--§ 39.

2 Charter reference
   Official depository: § 41.
CHAPTER 2

REAL PROPERTY TAXES

SECTION
5-201. When due and payable.
5-202. When delinquent--penalty and interest.

5-201. When due and payable.\(^1\) Taxes levied by the city against real property shall become due and payable annually on the first Monday of October of the year for which levied.
(1974 Code, § 6-201)

5-202. When delinquent--penalty and interest.\(^2\) All real property taxes shall become delinquent on and after the first day of March next after they become due and payable and shall thereupon be subject to such penalty and interest as is authorized and prescribed by the state law for delinquent county real property taxes.\(^3\)
(1974 Code, § 6-202)

\(^1\)State law references
Tennessee Code Annotated, §§ 67-1-701, 67-1-702 and 67-1-801, read together, permit a municipality to collect its own property taxes if its charter authorizes it to do so, or to turn over the collection of its property taxes to the county trustee. Apparently, under those same provisions, if a municipality collects its own property taxes, tax due and delinquency dates are as prescribed by the charter; if the county trustee collects them, the tax due date is the first Monday in October, and the delinquency date is the following March 1.

\(^2\)Charter and state law reference
Tennessee Code Annotated, § 67-5-2010(b) provides that if the county trustee collects the municipality's property taxes, a penalty of 1/2 of 1% and interest of 1% shall be added on the first day of March, following the tax due date and on the first day of each succeeding month.

\(^3\)Charter and state law references
A municipality has the option of collecting delinquent property taxes any one of three ways:
(1) Under the provisions of its charter for the collection of delinquent property taxes.
(3) By the county trustee under Tennessee Code Annotated, § 67-5-2005.
CHAPTER 3

PRIVILEGE TAXES

SECTION
5-301. Tax levied.
5-302. License required.

5-301. Tax levied. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this code, there is hereby levied on all vocations, occupations, and businesses declared by the general laws of the state to be privileges taxable by municipalities, an annual privilege tax in the maximum amount allowed by state laws. The taxes provided for in the state's "Business Tax Act" (Tennessee Code Annotated, § 67-4-701, et seq.) are hereby expressly enacted, ordained, and levied on the businesses, business activities, vocations, and occupations carried on within the city at the rates and in the manner prescribed by the act. (1974 Code, § 6-301)

5-302. License required. No person shall exercise any such privilege within the city without a currently effective privilege license, which shall be issued by the recorder to each applicant therefor upon the applicant's compliance with all regulatory provisions in this code and payment of the appropriate privilege tax. (1974 Code, § 6-302)
CHAPeR 4

WHOLESALE BEER TAX

SECTION
5-401. To be collected.

5-401. To be collected. The recorder is hereby directed to take appropriate action to assure payment to the city of the wholesale beer tax levied by the "Wholesale Beer Tax Act," as set out in Tennessee Code Annotated, title 57, chapter 6.¹ (1974 Code, § 6-401)

¹State law reference
Tennessee Code Annotated, title 57, chapter 6 provides for a tax of 17% on the sale of beer at wholesale. Every wholesaler is required to remit to each municipality the amount of the net tax on beer wholesale sales to retailers and other persons within the corporate limits of the municipality.