TITLE 1

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION¹

CHAPTER

- 1. BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.
- 2. MAYOR.
- 3. MISCELLANEOUS.
- 4. CODE OF ETHICS.

¹Charter reference

See the charter index, the charter itself, and footnote references to the charter in the front of this code.

Municipal code references

Building, plumbing, electrical and gas: title 12.

Fire department: title 7.

Utilities: title 18. Water: title 18. Zoning: title 14.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS¹

SECTION

- 1-101. Time and place of regular meetings.
- 1-102. Order of business.
- 1-103. General rules of order.
- 1-104. Compensation.
- 1-101. Time and place of regular meetings. The board of commissioners shall hold regular monthly meetings at 6:00 P.M. on the third Tuesday of each month at 6:00 P.M., at the Piperton City Hall, 3575 Highway (Ord. #2-75, Nov. 1974, as amended by Ord. #13-98, Oct. 1998, Ord. #117-07, Oct. 2007, and Ord. #323-20, May 2020 Ch6 04-20-21)
- 1-102. Order of business. At each meeting of the governing body the following regular order of business shall be observed unless dispensed with by a majority vote of the members present:
 - Call to order by the mayor. (1)
 - Roll call by the recorder. (2)
- Reading of minutes of the previous meeting by the recorder, and (3)approval or correction.
 - Questions on matters from the audience. (4)
 - (5)Communications from the mayor.

For detailed provisions of the charter related to the election, and to general and specific powers and duties of, the board of commissioners, see Tennessee Code Annotated, title 6, chapter 20. (There is an index at the beginning of chapter 20 which provides a detailed breakdown of the provisions in the charter.) In addition, see the following provisions in the charter that outline some of the powers and duties of the board of commissioners:

Appointment and removal of city judge: § 6-21-501.

Appointment and removal of city manager: § 6-21-101.

Compensation of city attorney: § 6-21-202.

Creation and combination of departments: § 6-21-302.

Subordinate officers and employees: § 6-21-102.

Taxation

Power to levy taxes: § 6-22-108.

Change tax due dates: § 6-22-113.

Power to sue to collect taxes: § 6-22-115.

Removal of mayor and commissioners: § 6-20-220.

¹Charter reference

- (6) Agenda items.
- (7) Old business.
- (8) New business.
- (9) Adjournment. (Ord. #2-75, Nov. 1974, modified)
- 1-103. <u>General rules of order</u>. The rules of order and parliamentary procedure contained in <u>Robert's Rules of Order</u>, <u>Revised</u>, shall govern the transaction of business by and before the governing body at its meetings in all cases to which they are applicable and in which they are not inconsistent with provisions of the charter or this code. (Ord. #2-75, Nov. 1974)
- **1-104.** <u>Compensation</u>. Effective December 1, 1998, the board of commissioners shall be compensated as follows:
 - (1) Commissioner in charge of finances--\$125.00 per month
 - (2) All other commissioners--\$200.00 per month.
- (3) Elected officials serving on the planning commission shall not be entitled to receive additional compensation for the second commission seat. (Ord. #2-96, May 1996, as amended by Ord. #271-16, Oct. 2006)

MAYOR¹

SECTION

1-201. Compensation.

1-201. <u>Compensation</u>. The salary of the mayor is fixed at four hundred dollars (\$400.00) per month, the salary of the vice mayor is fixed at three hundred dollars (\$300.00) per month, and salaries of the commissioners are fixed at two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per month. (Ord. #2-96, May 1996, as replaced by Ord. #271-16, Oct. 2006)

For general charter provisions dealing with the election and duties of the mayor and vice mayor, see <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 6, chapter 20, part 2, particularly §§ 6-20-201 and 6-20-203.

²Charter references

For detailed provisions of the charter outlining the election, power and duties of the mayor see <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 6, chapter 20, part 2, particularly, §§ 6-20-209, 6-20-213, and 6-20-219. For specific charter provisions in part 2 related to the following subjects, see the section indicated:

Election: § 6-20-201.

General duties: §§ 6-20-213 and 6-20-219. May introduce ordinances: § 6-20-213. Presiding officer: §§ 6-20-209 and 6-20-213. Seat, voice and vote on board: § 6-20-213. Signs journal, ordinances, etc.: § 6-20-213.

¹Charter reference

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION

- 1-301. Ordinance readings to be by caption only.
- 1-302. Election date.
- 1-301. Ordinance readings to be by caption only. The procedure to read only the caption of ordinances on both readings be and the same is hereby adopted. (Copies of such ordinances shall be available during regular business hours at the office of the city recorder and during sessions in which the ordinance has its second reading.) (Ord. #12-98, Aug. 1998)
- **1-302.** <u>Election date</u>. The date for municipal elections shall be fixed as the date of the regular November election as defined in <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 2-1-104, as set forth in <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 6-20-102. (Ord. #2-87, April 1987)

CODE OF ETHICS¹

SECTION

- 1-401. Applicability.
- 1-402. Definition of "personal interest."
- 1-403. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote.
- 1-404. Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters.
- 1-405. Acceptance of gratuities, etc.
- 1-406. Use of information.
- 1-407. Use of municipal time, facilities, etc.
- 1-408. Outside employment.
- 1-409. Ethics complaints.
- 1-410. Violations.

1-401. <u>Applicability</u>. This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the municipality. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality appointed or created by the municipality. The words

Campaign finance---T.C.A. Title 2, Chapter 10.

Conflict of interests---T.C.A. § 6-54-107, 108; 12-4-101, 102.

Consulting fee prohibition for elected municipal officials---T.C.A. §§ 2-10-122, 124.

Crimes involving public officials (bribery, soliciting unlawful compensation, buying and selling in regard to office)---T.C.A. § 39-16-101 and the following sections.

Crimes of official misconduct, official oppression, misuse of official information---T.C.A. § 39-16-401 and the following sections.

Ouster law---T.C.A. § 8-47-101 and the following sections.

¹State statutes dictate many of the ethics provisions that apply to municipal officials and employee. For provisions relative to the following, see the Tennessee Code Annotated (T.C.A.) sections indicated:

"municipal" and "municipality" include these separate entities. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)

- **1-402.** "Definition of "personal interest". (1) For purposes of §§ 1-403 and 1-404, "personal interest" means:
 - (a) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the subject of a vote by a municipal board not otherwise regulated by state statutes on conflicts of interest; or
 - (b) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in a matter to be regulated or supervised; or
 - (c) Any such financial, ownership, or employment interest of the official's or employee's spouse, parent(s), stepparent(s), grandparent(s), sibling(s), child(ren), or stepchild(ren).
- (2) The words "employment interest" include a situation in which an official or employee or a designated family member is negotiating possible employment with a person or organization that is the subject of the vote or that is to be regulated or supervised.
- (3) In any situation in which a personal interest is also a conflict of interest under state law, the provisions of the state law take precedence over the provisions of this chapter. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- 1-403. <u>Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote</u>. An official with the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote take place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the official may recuse himself from voting on the measure. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- 1-404. Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the matter that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the exercise of the discretion shall disclose, before the exercise of the discretion when possible, the interest on a form provided by and filed with the recorder. In addition, the official or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse himself¹ from the exercise of discretion in the matter. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)

¹Masculine pronouns include the feminine. Only masculine pronouns have been used for convenience and readability.

- **1-405.** Acceptance of gratuities, etc. An official or employee may not accept, directly or indirectly, any money, gift, gratuity, or other consideration or favor of any kind from anyone other than the municipality:
- (1) For the performance of an act, or refraining from performance of an act, that he would be expected to perform, or refrain from performing, in the regular course of his duties; or
- (2) That might reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to influence his action, or reward him for past action, in executing municipal business. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- **1-406.** <u>Use of information</u>. An official or employee may not use or disclose information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment with the intent to result in financial gain for himself or any other person or entity. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- 1-407. <u>Use of municipal time, facilities, etc</u>. (1) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to himself.
- (2) an official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to any private person or entity, except as authorized by legitimate contract or lease that is determined by the governing body to be in the best interests of the municipality. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- **1-408.** Outside employment. An official or employee may not accept or continue any outside employment if the work unreasonably inhibits the performance of any affirmative duty of the municipal position or conflicts with any provision of the municipality's charter or any ordinance or policy. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- **1-409.** Ethics complaints. (1) The city attorney is designated as the ethics officer of the municipality. Upon the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a provision of this chapter, the city attorney may render an oral or written advisory ethics opinion based upon this chapter and other applicable law.
 - (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the city attorney shall investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee charging any violation of this chapter, or may undertake an investigation on his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible violation and make recommendations for action to end or seek retribution for any activity that, in the attorney's judgment, constitutes a violation of this code of ethics.

- (b) The city attorney may request that the governing body hire another attorney, individual, or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interests in a particular matter.
- (c) When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this chapter is lodged against a member of the municipality's governing body, the governing body shall either determine that the complaint has merit, determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If the governing body determines that a complaint warrants further investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the city attorney or another individual or entity chosen by the governing body.
- (3) The interpretation that a reasonable person in the circumstances would apply shall be used in interpreting and enforcing this code of ethics.
- (4) When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a personnel policy, rule, or regulation or a civil service policy, rule, or regulation, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel or civil service provisions rather than as a violation of this code of ethics. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)
- **1-410.** <u>Violations</u>. An elected official or appointed member of a separate municipal board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, other instrumentality who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to punishment as provided by the municipality's charter or other applicable law and in addition is subject to censure by the governing body. An appointed official or an employee who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to disciplinary action. (as added by Ord. #100-06, Dec. 2006)