TITLE 1

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION¹

CHAPTER

- 1. BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.
- 2. MAYOR.
- 3. RECORDER.
- 4. CODE OF ETHICS.

¹Charter references

See the charter index, the charter itself and footnote references to the charter in the front of this code.

Municipal code references

Building and plumbing inspectors: title 12.

Fire department: title 7. Utilities: titles 18 and 19.

Wastewater treatment: title 18.

Zoning: title 14.

BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN¹

SECTION

- 1-101. Time and place of regular meetings.
- 1-102. Order of business.
- 1-103. General rules of order.
- 1-104. Terms of office and date of election.
- 1-101. Time and place of regular meetings. The board of mayor and aldermen shall hold regular monthly meetings at 7:00 P.M. on the first Thursday of each month at the municipal meeting room. (1997 Code, § 1-101, modified)
- **1-102.** Order of business. At each meeting of the board of mayor and aldermen, the following regular order of business shall be observed unless dispensed with by a majority vote of the members present:
 - Call to order by the mayor. (1)
 - (2) Roll call by the recorder.
- (3) Reading of minutes of the previous meeting by the recorder and approval or correction.
 - **(4)** Grievances from citizens.
 - (5)Communications from the mayor.

¹Charter references

For charter provisions related to the board of mayor and aldermen, see Tennessee Code Annotated, title 6, chapter 3. For specific charter provisions related to the board of mayor and aldermen, see the following sections:

Town administrator: § 6-4-101.

Compensation: § 6-3-109. Duties of mayor: § 6-3-106. Election of the board: § 6-3-101.

Oath: § 6-3-105. Ordinance procedure Publication: § 6-2-101. Readings: § 6-2-102.

Residence requirements: § 6-3-103.

Vacancies in office: § 6-3-107.

Vice-mayor: § 6-3-107.

- (6) Reports from committees, members of the board of mayor and aldermen, and other officers.
 - (7) Old business.
 - (8) New business.
 - (9) Adjournment. (1997 Code, § 1-102)
- **1-103.** General rules of order. The rules of order and parliamentary procedure contained in *Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised*, shall govern the transaction of business by and before the board of mayor and aldermen at its meetings in all cases to which they are applicable and in which they are not inconsistent with provisions of the charter or this code. (1997 Code, § 1-103)
- **1-104.** Terms of office and date of election. 1 (1) At the election in October 2001, the two (2) aldermanic terms shall be from that date until the first Thursday in August 2005 and thereafter for four-year terms.
- (2) The mayor and aldermen whose terms of office would have expired in October 2002 will be extended to the first Thursday of August 2003 and thereafter for four (4) year terms. (1997 Code, § 1-104)

¹State law reference

Tennessee Code Annotated, § 6-3-102 authorizes the board to establish four (4) year staggered terms and change the date of the town election.

MAYOR¹

SECTION

- 1-201. Generally supervises municipality's affairs.
- 1-202. Executes municipality's contracts.
- 1-201. <u>Generally supervises municipality's affairs</u>. The mayor shall have general supervision of all municipal affairs and may require such reports from the officers and employees as he may reasonably deem necessary to carry out his executive responsibilities. (1997 Code, § 1-201)
- **1-202.** Executes municipality's contracts. The mayor shall execute all contracts as authorized by the board of mayor and aldermen. (1997 Code, § 1-202)

For charter provisions related to the mayor, see *Tennessee Code Annotated*, title 6, chapter 3. For specific charter provisions related to the mayor, see the following sections:

Vacancies in office: § 6-3-107.

Vice-mayor: § 6-3-107.

¹Charter references

RECORDER¹

SECTION

- 1-301. To be bonded.
- 1-302. To keep minutes, etc.
- 1-303. To perform general administrative duties, etc.
- **1-301.** <u>To be bonded</u>. The recorder shall be bonded in such sum as may be fixed by, and with such surety as may be acceptable to, the board of mayor and aldermen. (1997 Code, § 1-301)
- **1-302.** To keep minutes, etc. The recorder shall keep the minutes of all meetings of the board of mayor and aldermen and shall preserve the original copy of all ordinances in a separate ordinance book. (1997 Code, § 1-302)
- 1-303. To perform general administrative duties, etc. The recorder shall perform all administrative duties for the board of mayor and aldermen and for the municipality which are not assigned by the charter, this code, or the board of mayor and aldermen to another corporate officer. He shall keep the original volume of the Estill Springs Municipal Code in his custody at all times except in those instances where it is required for litigation in courts. He shall also be responsible for maintaining all corporate bonds, records, and papers in such fireproof vault or safe as the municipality shall provide. (1997 Code, § 1-303)

¹Charter references

Town recorder: § 6-4-201 et seq. Recorder as treasurer: § 6-4-401(c). Recorder as judge: § 6-4-301(b)(1)(C).

CODE OF ETHICS¹

SECTION

- 1-401. Applicability.
- 1-402. Definition of "personal interest."
- 1-403. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote.
- 1-404. Disclosure of personal interest in non-voting matters.
- 1-405. Acceptance of gratuities, etc.
- 1-406. Use of information.
- 1-407. Use of municipal time, facilities, etc.
- 1-408. Use of position or authority.
- 1-409. Outside employment.
- 1-410. Ethics complaints.
- 1-411. Violations and penalty.

1-401. <u>Applicability</u>. This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the Town of Estill Springs. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality appointed or created by the town. The words "municipal" and "town" or "Town of Estill Springs" include these separate entities. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)

1-402. <u>Definition of "personal interest</u>." (1) For purposes of §§ 4-103 and 4-104, "personal interest" means:

¹State statutes dictate many of the ethics provisions that apply to municipal officials and employees. For provisions relative to the following, see the *Tennessee Code Annotated* (T.C.A.) sections indicated:

Campaign finance: T.C.A., title 2, chapter 10.

Conflict of interests: T.C.A., §§ 6-54-107, 108; 12-4-101, 102.

Conflict of interests disclosure statements: T.C.A., § 8-50-501 et seq.

Consulting fee prohibition for elected municipal officials: T.C.A., §§ 2-10-122, 124.

Crimes involving public officials (bribery, soliciting unlawful compensation, buying and selling in regard to office): T.C.A., § 39-16·101 *et seq.*

Crimes of official misconduct, official oppression, misuse of official information: T.C.A., § 39-16-401 *et seq*.

Ouster law: T.C.A., \S 8-47-101 et seq.

- (a) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the subject of a vote by a municipal board not otherwise regulated by state statutes on conflicts of interests; or
- (b) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in a matter to be regulated or supervised; or
- (c) Any such financial, ownership, or employment interest of the official's or employee's spouse, parent(s), step parent(s), grandparent(s), sibling(s), child(ren), or step child(ren).
- (2) The words "employment interest" include a situation in which an official or employee or a designated family member is negotiating possible employment with a person or organization that is the subject of the vote or that is to be regulated or supervised.
- (3) In any situation in which a personal interest is also a conflict of interest under state law, the provisions of the state law take precedence over the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- 1-403. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote. An official with the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote takes place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the official's vote on the measure. In addition, the official may recuse himself¹ from voting on the measure. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- 1-404. <u>Disclosure of personal interest in non-voting matters</u>. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the matter that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the exercise of the discretion shall disclose, before the exercise of the discretion when possible, the interest on a form provided by and filed with the recorder. In addition, the official or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse himself from the exercise of discretion in the matter. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- **1-405.** Acceptance of gratuities, etc. An official or employee may not accept, directly or indirectly, any money, gift, gratuity, or other consideration or favor of any kind from anyone other than the town:
- (1) For the performance of an act, or refraining from performance of an act, that he would be expected to perform, or refrain from performing, in the regular course of his duties; or

¹Masculine pronouns include the feminine. Only masculine pronouns have been used for convenience and readability.

- (2) That might reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to influence his action, or reward him for past action, in executing municipal business. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- **1-406.** <u>Use of information</u>. (1) An official or employee may not disclose any information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment that is made confidential under state or federal law except as authorized by law.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or disclose information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment with the intent to result in financial gain for himself or any other person or entity. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- 1-407. <u>Use of municipal time, facilities, etc</u>. (1) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to himself.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to any private person or entity, except as authorized by legitimate contract or lease that is determined by the board of mayor and aldermen to be in the best interests of the town. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- **1-408.** <u>Use of position or authority</u>. (1) An official or employee may not make or attempt to make private purchases, for cash or otherwise, in the name of the town.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or attempt to use his position to secure any privilege or exemption for himself or others that is not authorized by the charter, general law, or ordinance or policy of the town. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- **1-409.** <u>Outside employment</u>. A full-time employee of the town may not accept any outside employment without written authorization from the department head. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- **1-410.** Ethics complaints. (1) The town attorney is designated as the ethics officer of the town. Upon the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a provision of this chapter, the town attorney may render an oral or written advisory ethics opinion based upon this chapter and other applicable law.
 - (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the town attorney shall investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee charging any violation of this chapter, or may undertake an investigation on his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible violation, and make recommendations

for action to end or seek retribution for any activity that, in the attorney's judgment, constitutes a violation of this code of ethics.

- (b) The Town attorney may request the board of mayor and aldermen to hire another attorney, individual, or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interests in a particular matter.
- (c) When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this chapter is lodged against a member of the town's mayor and board of aldermen, the mayor and board of aldermen shall either determine that the complaint has merit, determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If the board determines that a complaint warrants further investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the town attorney or another individual or entity chosen by the board of mayor and aldermen.
- (3) The interpretation that a reasonable person in the circumstances would apply shall be used in interpreting and enforcing this code of ethics.
- (4) When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a personnel policy, rule, or regulation or a civil service policy, rule, or regulation, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel or civil service provisions rather than as a violation of this code of ethics. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)
- 1-411. <u>Violations and penalty</u>. An elected official or appointed member of a separate municipal board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to punishment as provided by the municipality's charter or other applicable law, and in addition is subject to censure by the board of mayor and aldermen. An appointed official or an employee who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to disciplinary action. (Ord. #12-394, Oct. 2012)