TITLE 11

MUNICIPAL OFFENSES

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2. OFFENSES AGAINST THE PEACE AND QUIET.
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CHAPTER 1

ALCOHOL

SECTION
11-101. Drinking beer, etc., on streets, etc.
11-102. Minors in beer places.
11-103. Violations and penalty.

11-101. Drinking beer, etc., on streets, etc. It shall be unlawful for any person to drink or consume, or have an open can or bottle of beer or intoxicating liquor in or on any public street, alley, avenue, highway, sidewalk, public park, public school ground or other public place unless the place has an appropriate permit and/or license for on-premises consumption. (1997 Code, § 11-101)

11-102. Minors in beer places. No person under the age of twenty-one (21) shall loiter in or around or otherwise frequent any place where beer is sold at retail for on-premises consumption.

1Municipal code references
Streets and sidewalks (non-traffic): title 16.
Traffic offenses: title 15.

2Municipal code reference
Sale of alcoholic beverages, including beer: title 8.

State law reference
See Tennessee Code Annotated, § 33-10-203 (Arrest for Public Intoxication, cities may not pass separate legislation).
11-103. Violations and penalty. Wherever in this chapter any act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful, the violation of such shall be punishable in accordance with the penalty provisions of § 11-502.
CHAPTER 2

OFFENSES AGAINST THE PEACE AND QUIET

SECTION
11-201. Anti-noise regulations.

11-201. Anti-noise regulations. Subject to the provisions of this section, the creating of any unreasonably loud, disturbing, and unnecessary noise is prohibited. Noise of such character, intensity, or duration as to be detrimental to the life or health of any individual, or in disturbance of the public peace and welfare, is prohibited.

(1) Miscellaneous prohibited noises enumerated. The following acts, among others, are declared to be loud, disturbing, and unnecessary noises in violation of this section, but this enumeration shall not be deemed to be exclusive, namely:

(a) Radios, phonographs, etc. The playing of any radio, phonograph, or any musical instrument or sound device, including but not limited to, loudspeakers or other devices for reproduction or amplification of sound, either independently of or in connection with motion pictures, radio, or television, in such a manner or with such volume, particularly during the hours between 11:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M., as to annoy or disturb the quiet, comfort, or repose of persons in any office or hospital, or in any dwelling, hotel, or other type of residence, or of any person in the vicinity.

(b) Yelling, shouting, etc. Yelling, shouting, whistling, or singing on the public streets, particularly between the hours of 11:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M., or at any time or place so as to annoy or disturb the quiet, comfort, or repose of any persons in any hospital, dwelling, hotel, or other type of residence, or of any person in the vicinity.

(c) Pets. The keeping of any animal, bird, or fowl which by causing frequent or long continued noise shall disturb the comfort or repose of any person in the vicinity.

(d) Use of vehicle. The use of any automobile, motorcycle, or vehicle so out of repair, so loaded, or in such manner as to cause loud and unnecessary grating, grinding, rattling, or other noise.

(e) Exhaust discharge. To discharge into the open air the exhaust of any steam engine, stationary internal combustion engine, motor vehicle, or boat engine, except through a muffler or other device which will effectively prevent loud or explosive noises therefrom.

(f) Building operations. The erection (including excavation), demolition, alteration, or repair of any building in any residential area or section or the construction or repair of streets and highways in any
residential area or section, other than between the hours of 7:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M. on weekdays, except in case of urgent necessity in the interest of public health and safety, and then only with a permit from the building inspector granted for a period while the emergency continues, not to exceed thirty (30) days. If the building inspector should determine that the public health and safety will not be impaired by the erection, demolition, alteration, or repair of any building or the excavation of streets and highways between the hours of 6:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M., and if he shall further determine that loss or inconvenience would result to any party in interest through delay, he may grant permission for such work to be done between the hours of 6:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. upon application being made at the time the permit for the work is awarded or during the process of the work.

(g) Noises near schools, hospitals, churches, etc. The creation of any excessive noise on any street adjacent to any hospital or adjacent to any school, institution of learning, church, or court while the same is in session.

(h) Loading and unloading operations. The creation of any loud and excessive noise in connection with the loading or unloading of any vehicle or the opening and destruction of bales, boxes, crates, and other containers.

(i) Noises to attract attention. The use of any drum, loudspeaker, or other instrument or device emitting noise for the purpose of attracting attention to any performance, show, or sale or display of merchandise.

(j) Loudspeakers or amplifiers on vehicles. The use of mechanical loudspeakers or amplifiers on trucks or other moving or standing vehicles for advertising or other purposes. Hours for the use of an amplifier or public address system will be designated in the permit so issued and the use of such systems shall be restricted to the hours so designated in the permit.

(k) False alarms. For purposes of this section, false alarm means an alarm signal to which the Blaine Police Department ("department") responds with any emergency service personnel or equipment when a situation requiring a response by the Department does not in fact exist, regardless of whether the signal is caused by the inadvertence, negligence or intentional act or omission of an alarm company or alarm user or by a malfunction of the alarm. The following shall not be considered false alarms:

(i) Alarms caused by the testing, repair or malfunction of telephone equipment or lines, provided the owner, user or operator first gives notice to the department prior to testing and repairing such equipment or lines;
(ii) Alarms caused by natural weather environmental occurrences, such as earthquakes, floods, windstorms, thunder or lightning;

(iii) Alarms caused by an attempted illegal entry of which there is visible evidence or which the department determines to be the result of an intrusion attempt or alarm tampering; and

(iv) Alarms caused by the testing, repair or malfunction of electrical utility equipment or lines.

Each false alarm after the second false alarm within a twelve (12) month period shall be considered a separate violation, subject to a civil penalty of not more than fifty dollars ($50.00) plus administrative fees and courts costs for each offense.

(2) Exceptions. None of the terms or prohibitions hereof shall apply to or be enforced against:

(a) Municipal vehicles. Any vehicle of the city while engaged upon necessary public business.

(b) Repair of streets, etc. Excavations or repairs of bridges, streets, or highways at night, by or on behalf of the city, the county, or the state, when the public welfare and convenience renders it impracticable to perform such work during the day. (1997 Code, § 11-202, modified, as amended by Ord. #O-19-06, Aug. 2019, modified)

11-202. Violations and penalty. Wherever in this chapter any act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful, the violation of such shall be punishable in accordance with the penalty provisions of § 11-502.
CHAPTER 3
TRESPASSING AND INTERFERENCE WITH TRAFFIC

SECTION
11-301. Trespassing.
11-302. Interference with traffic.
11-303. Violations and penalty.

11-301. Trespassing. (1) On premises open to the public.
   (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to defy a lawful order, personally communicated to him by the owner or other authorized person, not to enter or remain upon the premises of another, including premises which are at the time open to the public.
   (b) The owner of the premises, or his authorized agent, may lawfully order another not to enter or remain upon the premises if such person is committing, or commits, any act which interferes with, or tends to interfere with, the normal, orderly, peaceful or efficient conduct of the activities of such premises.
(2) On premises closed or partially closed to public.
(3) Vacant buildings.
(4) Lots and buildings in general.
(5) Peddlers, etc.

11-302. Interference with traffic. It shall be unlawful for any person to stand, sit, or engage in any activity whatever on any public street, sidewalk, bridge, or public ground in such a manner as to prevent, obstruct, or interfere with the free passage of pedestrian or vehicular traffic thereon.

1 Municipal code reference
11-303. **Violations and penalty.** Wherever in this chapter any act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful, the violation of such shall be punishable in accordance with the penalty provisions of § 11-502.
CHAPTER 4

LITTERING

SECTION
11-401. Definitions.
11-402. Littering offenses.
11-403. Scope of regulation.
11-404. Violations and penalty.

11-401. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Commercial Purpose" means litter discarded by a business, corporation, association, partnership, sole proprietorship, or any other entity conducting business for economic gain, or by an employee or agent of the entity;

(2) "Garbage" includes putrescible animal and vegetable waste resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking and consumption of food;

(3) "Litter" includes garbage, refuse, rubbish and all other waste material, including a tobacco product as defined in Tennessee Code Annotated, § 39-17-1503(9) and any other item primarily designed to hold or filter a tobacco product while the tobacco is being smoked.

(4) "Refuse" includes all putrescible and nonputrescible solid waste; and

(5) "Rubbish" includes nonputrescible solid waste consisting of both combustible and non-combustible waste.

11-402. Littering offenses. (1) A person commits the civil offense of littering who:

(a) Knowingly places, drops or throws litter on any public or private property without permission and does not immediately remove it;

(b) Negligently places or throws glass or other dangerous substances on or adjacent to water to which the public has access for swimming or wading, or on or within fifty feet (50') of a public highway; or

(c) Negligently discharges sewage, minerals, oil products or litter into any public waters or lakes within this state.

(2) Whenever litter is placed, dropped, or thrown from any motor vehicle, boat, airplane, or other conveyance in violation of this section, the city judge may, in his or her discretion and in consideration of the totality of the circumstances, infer that the operator of the conveyance has committed littering.

(3) Whenever litter discovered on public or private property is found to contain any article or articles, including, but not limited to, letters, bills, publications, or other writings that display the name of a person thereon in such
a manner as to indicate that the article belongs or belonged to such person, the city judge may, in his or her discretion and in consideration of the totality of the circumstances, infer that such person has committed littering.

11-403. **Scope of regulation.** The regulation of litter in this chapter is limited to amounts of litter less than or equal to five pounds (5 lbs.) in weight or seven and one-half (7.5) cubic feet in volume.

11-404. **Violations and penalty.** Wherever in this chapter any act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful, the violation of such shall be punishable in accordance with the penalty provisions of § 11-502.
CHAPTER 5

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION
11-501. Curfew for minors.
11-502. Violations and penalty.


11-502. Violations and penalty. Wherever in this title an act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful, the violation of any such provision shall be punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed a fifty dollar ($50.00) fine, in addition to any administrative and/or court costs and fees.