

## TITLE 5

### MUNICIPAL FINANCE AND TAXATION<sup>1</sup>

#### CHAPTER

1. REAL PROPERTY TAXES.
2. PRIVILEGE TAXES GENERALLY.
3. WHOLESALE BEER TAX.
4. PURCHASING.

#### CHAPTER 1

#### REAL PROPERTY TAXES

#### SECTION

- 5-101. When due and payable.  
 5-102. When delinquent--penalty and interest.

**5-101. When due and payable.**<sup>2</sup> Taxes levied by the town against real and personal property shall become due and payable annually on the first day of October of the year for which levied. (1978 Code, § 6-101)

**5-102. When delinquent--penalty and interest.**<sup>3</sup> All real property taxes shall become delinquent on and after the first day of March next after they become due and payable and shall thereupon be subject to such penalty and

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<sup>1</sup>Charter references

<sup>2</sup>State law references

Tennessee Code Annotated, §§ 67-1-701, 67-1-702 and 67-1-801, read together, permit a municipality to collect its own property taxes if its charter authorizes it to do so, or to turn over the collection of its property taxes to the county trustee. Apparently, under those same provisions, if a municipality collects its own property taxes, tax due and delinquency dates are as prescribed by the charter; if the county trustee collects them, the tax due date is the first Monday in October, and the delinquency date is the following March 1.

<sup>3</sup>Charter and state law reference

Tennessee Code Annotated, § 67-5-2010(b) provides that if the county trustee collects the municipality's property taxes, a penalty of ½ of 1% and interest of 1% shall be added on the first day of March, following the tax due date and on the first day of each succeeding month.

interest as is authorized and prescribed by the state law for delinquent county real property taxes.<sup>1</sup> (1978 Code, § 6-102)

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<sup>1</sup>Charter and state law references

A municipality has the option of collecting delinquent property taxes any one of three ways:

- (1) Under the provisions of its charter for the collection of delinquent property taxes.
- (2) Under Tennessee Code Annotated, §§ 6-55-201--6-55-206.
- (3) By the county trustee under Tennessee Code Annotated, § 67-5-2005.

## CHAPTER 2

### PRIVILEGE TAXES GENERALLY

#### SECTION

5-201. Tax levied.

5-202. License required.

**5-201. Tax levied.** Except as otherwise specifically provided in this code, there is hereby levied on all vocations, occupations, and businesses declared by the general laws of the state to be privileges taxable by municipalities, an annual privilege tax in the maximum amount allowed by state laws. The taxes provided for in the state's "Business Tax Act" (Tennessee Code Annotated, § 67-4-701, et seq.) are hereby expressly enacted, ordained, and levied on the businesses, business activities, vocations, and occupations carried on within the town at the rates and in the manner prescribed by the act. (1978 Code, § 6-201)

**5-202. License required.** No person shall exercise any such privilege within the town without a currently effective privilege license, which shall be issued by the recorder to each applicant therefor upon the applicant's compliance with all regulatory provisions in this code and payment of the appropriate privilege tax. (1978 Code, § 6-202)

**CHAPTER 3****WHOLESALE BEER TAX****SECTION**

5-301. To be collected.

**5-301. To be collected.** The recorder is hereby directed to take appropriate action to assure payment to the town of the wholesale beer tax levied by the "Wholesale Beer Tax Act," as set out in Tennessee Code Annotated, title 57, chapter 6.<sup>1</sup> (1978 Code, § 6-301)

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<sup>1</sup>State law reference

Tennessee Code Annotated, title 57, chapter 6 provides for a tax of 17% on the sale of beer at wholesale. Every wholesaler is required to remit to each municipality the amount of the net tax on beer wholesale sales to retailers and other persons within the corporate limits of the municipality.

**CHAPTER 4**

**PURCHASING**

**SECTION**

5-401. Competitive bidding.

**5-401. Competitive bidding.** In accordance with the provisions of Tennessee Code Annotated, § 6-56-306(a), a part of the Municipal Purchasing Law of 1983, as amended by Chapter No. 269 of the Public Acts of 1999, the dollar amount required for public advertisement and competitive bidding is \$10,000.

The limit for purchases requiring no advertisement or competitive bidding is \$4,000 calculated as allowed by Tennessee Code Annotated, § 6-56-305 as amended by Chapter No. 610 of the Public Acts of 2006. (As added by Ord. #4-99, Oct. 1999, as amended by Ord. #9-06, Oct. 2006)