TITLE 1

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION¹

CHAPTER

- 1. BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.
- 2. ADMINISTRATOR.
- 3. CODE OF ETHICS.

¹Charter references

See the charter index, the charter itself and footnote references to the charter in the front of this code.

Municipal code references

Building, plumbing, electrical and gas inspectors: title 12.

Fire department: title 7. Utilities: titles 18 and 19.

Wastewater treatment: title 18.

Zoning: title 14.

CHAPTER 1

BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN¹

SECTION

- 1-101. Board of mayor and aldermen.
- 1-102. Time and place of regular meetings.
- **1-101.** Board of mayor and aldermen. The board shall be governed by a board of mayor and aldermen consisting of a mayor and four (4) aldermen. (2000 Code, § 1-101)
- 1-102. <u>Time and place of regular meetings</u>. The board of mayor and aldermen shall meet at such times and places as it shall from time to time establish. Adequate public notice of said meeting times and places shall be given. (2000 Code, § 1-101)

¹Charter references

For charter provisions related to the board of mayor and aldermen, see *Tennessee Code Annotated*, title 6, chapter 3. For specific charter provisions related to the board of mayor and aldermen, see the following sections:

City Administrator: § 6-4-101. Compensation: § 6-3-109. Duties of Mayor: § 6-3-106. Election of the board: § 6-3-101.

Oath: § 6-3-105.
Ordinance procedure
Publication: § 6-2-101.
Readings: § 6-2-102.

Residence requirements: \S 6-3-103.

Vacancies in office: § 6-3-107.

Vice-Mayor: § 6-3-107.

CHAPTER 2

ADMINISTRATOR

SECTION

- 1-201. Administrator.
- 1-202. Administrator to be bonded.
- 1-203. Bond amount.
- **1-201.** <u>Administrator</u>. (1) There is hereby created and established the position of town administrator. The town administrator shall be appointed by the board of mayor and aldermen wholly on the basis of administrative ability and qualifications and shall hold office for and at the pleasure of the board. The town administrator shall devote full time to the duties of his or her office.
- (2) The town administrator shall act under the direction and control of and shall be responsible to the board and shall perform the following duties:
 - (a) Duties listed in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, § 6-4-101;
 - (b) Employ, promote, discipline, suspend, and discharge all employees in accordance with the personnel policies and procedures, if any, adopted by the board of mayor and aldermen, and keep personnel files on all employees.
 - (c) Act as purchasing agent for the municipality in the purchase of all materials, supplies, and equipment for the proper conduct of the municipality's business, provided that all purchases shall be made in accordance with policies, practices, and procedures established by the board;
 - (d) Prepare and submit the annual budget and capital program to the board for its adoption by ordinance;
 - (e) Any other duties as may be required by resolution of the board.
- (3) The town administrator shall receive such compensation as the board shall from time to time direct. (2000 Code, § 1-201)
- **1-202.** Administrator to be bonded. The administrator shall be an adult capable of being bonded and shall be selected by majority vote of the board of mayor and aldermen of the Town of Pittman Center. (2000 Code, § 1-202)
- **1-203.** Bond amount. The administrator may be bonded in such a sum as may be fixed by and with such surety as may be acceptable to the board of mayor and aldermen. (2000 Code, § 1-203)

CHAPTER 3

CODE OF ETHICS

SECTION

- 1-301. Applicability.
- 1-302. Definition of "personal interest."
- 1-303. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote.
- 1-304. Disclosure of personal interest in non-voting matters.
- 1-305. Acceptance of gratuities, etc.
- 1-306. Use of information.
- 1-307. Use of municipal time, facilities, etc.
- 1-308. Use of position or authority.
- 1-309. Outside employment.
- 1-310. Ethics complaints.
- 1-311. Violations and penalty.
- 1-301. <u>Applicability</u>. This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the municipality. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality appointed or created by the municipality. The words "municipal" and "municipality" include these separate entities. (2000 Code, § 4-201)
- **1-302.** <u>Definition of "personal interest"</u>. (1) For purposes of § § 1-303 and 1-304, "personal interest" means:
 - (a) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the subject of a vote by a municipal board not otherwise regulated by state statutes on conflicts of interests; or
 - (b) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in a matter to be regulated or supervised; or
 - (c) Any such financial, ownership, or employment interest of the official's or employee's spouse, parent(s), step parent(s), grandparent(s), sibling(s), child(ren), or step child(ren).
- (2) The words "employment interest" include a situation in which an official or employee or a designated family member is negotiating possible employment with a person or organization that is the subject of the vote or that is to be regulated or supervised.
- (3) In any situation in which a personal interest is also a conflict of interest under state law, the provisions of the state law take precedence over the provisions of this chapter. (2000 Code, § 4-202)

- 1-303. <u>Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote</u>. An official with the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote takes place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the official's vote on the measure. In addition, the official may recuse themselves from voting on the measure. (2000 Code, § 4-203)
- 1-304. Disclosure of personal interest in non-voting matters. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the matter that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the exercise of the discretion shall disclose, before the exercise of the discretion when possible, the interest on a form provided by and filed with the recorder. In addition, the official or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse himself from the exercise of discretion in the matter. (2000 Code, § 4-204)
- **1-305.** Acceptance of gratuities, etc. An official or employee may not accept, directly or indirectly, any money, gift, gratuity, or other consideration or favor of any kind from anyone other than the municipality:
- (1) For the performance of an act, or refraining from performance of an act, that he would be expected to perform, or refrain from performing, in the regular course of his duties; or
- (2) That might reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to influence his action, or reward him for past action, in executing municipal business. (2000 Code, § 4-205)
- **1-306.** <u>Use of information</u>. (1) An official or employee may not disclose any information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment that is made confidential under state or federal law except as authorized by law.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or disclose information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment with the intent to result in financial gain for himself or any other person or entity. (2000 Code, § 4-206)
- **1-307.** Use of municipal time, facilities, etc. (1) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to himself.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to any private person or entity, except as authorized by legitimate contract or lease that is determined by the governing body to be in the best interests of the municipality. (2000 Code, § 4-207)

- **1-308.** <u>Use of position or authority</u>. (1) An official or employee may not make or attempt to make private purchases, for cash or otherwise, in the name of the municipality.
- (2) An official or employee may not use or attempt to use his position to secure any privilege or exemption for himself or others that is not authorized by the charter, general law, or ordinance or policy of the municipality. (2000 Code, § 4-208)
- 1-309. <u>Outside employment</u>. An official or employee may not accept or continue any outside employment if the work unreasonably inhibits the performance of any affirmative duty of the municipal position or conflicts with any provision of the municipality's charter or any ordinance or policy. (2000 Code, § 4-209)
- **1-310.** Ethics complaints. (1) The town attorney is designated as the ethics officer of the municipality. Upon the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a provision of this chapter, the town attorney may render an oral or written advisory ethics opinion based upon this chapter and other applicable law.
 - (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the town attorney shall investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee charging any violation of this chapter, or may undertake an investigation on his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible violation, and make recommendations for action to end or seek retribution for any activity that, in the attorney's judgment, constitutes a violation of this code of ethics.
 - (b) The town attorney may request the governing body to hire another attorney, individual, or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interests in a particular matter.
 - (c) When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this chapter is lodged against a member of the municipality's governing body, the governing body shall either determine that the complaint has merit, determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If the governing body determines that a complaint warrants further investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the town attorney or another individual or entity chosen by the governing body.
- (3) The interpretation that a reasonable person in the circumstances would apply shall be used in interpreting and enforcing this code of ethics.
- (4) When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a personnel policy, rule, or regulation or a civil service policy, rule, or regulation, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel or civil service provisions rather than as a violation of this code of ethics. (2000 Code, § 4-210)

1-311. <u>Violations and penalty</u>. An elected official or appointed member of a separate municipal board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to punishment as provided by the municipality's charter or other applicable law, and in addition is subject to censure by the governing body. An appointed official or an employee who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to disciplinary action. (2000 Code, § 4-211)