TITLE 6

LAW ENFORCEMENT

CHAPTER

- 1. POLICE AND ARREST.
- 2. WORKHOUSE.

CHAPTER 1

POLICE AND ARREST¹

SECTION

- 6-101. Police officers subject to chief's orders.
- 6-102. Police officers to preserve law and order, etc.
- 6-103. Police officers to wear uniforms and be armed.
- 6-104. When police officers to make arrests.
- 6-105. Police officers may require assistance.
- 6-106. Disposition of persons arrested.
- 6-107. Police department records.
- **6-101.** Police officers subject to chief's orders. All police officers shall obey and comply with such orders and administrative rules and regulations as the police chief may officially issue. (1986 Code, § 1-401)
- **6-102.** Police officers to preserve law and order, etc. Police officers shall preserve law and order within the town. They shall patrol the town and shall assist the city court during the trial of cases. Police officers shall also promptly serve any legal process issued by the city court. (1986 Code, § 1-402)
- **6-103.** Police officers to wear uniforms and be armed. All police officers shall wear such uniform and badge as the board of mayor and aldermen shall authorize and shall carry a service pistol and billy club at all times while on duty unless otherwise expressly directed by the chief for a special assignment. (1986 Code, § 1-403)
- **6-104.** When police officers to make arrests¹. Unless otherwise authorized or directed in this code or other applicable law, an arrest of the person shall be made by a police officer in the following cases:

¹Municipal code reference

Traffic citations, etc.: title 15.

- (1) Whenever he is in possession of a warrant for the arrest of the person.
- (2) Whenever an offense is committed or a breach of the peace is threatened in the officer's presence by the person.
- (3) Whenever a felony has in fact been committed and the officer has reasonable cause to believe the person has committed it. (1986 Code, § 1-404)
- **6-105.** Police officer may require assistance. It shall be unlawful for any person willfully to refuse to aid a police officer in maintaining law and order or in making a lawful arrest when such a person's assistance is requested by the police officer and is reasonably necessary to effect the arrest. (1986 Code, § 1-405)
- **6-106.** <u>Disposition of persons arrested</u>. Unless otherwise authorized by law, when any person is arrested he shall be brought before the recorder's court for immediate trial or allowed to post bond. When the municipal judge is not immediately available or the alleged offender does not post the required bond, he shall be confined. (1986 Code, § 1-406)
- **6-107.** <u>Police department records</u>. The police department shall keep a comprehensive and detailed daily record in permanent form, showing:
- (1) All known or reported offenses and/or crimes committed within the corporate limits.
 - (2) All arrests made by police officers.
- (3) All police investigations made, funerals convoyed, fire calls answered, and other miscellaneous activities of the police department. (1986 Code, § 1-407)

CHAPTER 2

WORKHOUSE

SECTION

- 6-201. County jail to be used.
- 6-202. Inmates to be worked.
- 6-203. Compensation of inmates.
- **6-201.** County jail to be used. The county jail is hereby designated as the municipal workhouse, subject to such contractual arrangement as may be worked out with the county. (1986 Code, § 1-601)
- **6-202.** <u>Inmates to be worked</u>. All persons committed to the workhouse, to the extent that their physical condition permits, shall be required to perform such public work or labor as may be lawfully prescribed for the county prisoners. (1986 Code, § 1-602)
- **6-203.** Compensation of inmates. Each workhouse inmate shall be allowed five dollars (\$5.00) per day as credit toward payment of the fines assessed against him.¹ (1986 Code, § 1-603)

Tennessee Code Annotated: § 40-24-104.

¹State law reference