TITLE 13

PROPERTY MAINTENANCE REGULATIONS¹

CHAPTER

- 1. MISCELLANEOUS.
- 2. OPEN STORAGE OF REFUSE, JUNK, ABANDONED MOTOR VEHICLES AND RUBBISH.
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CHAPTER 1

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION

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- 13-106. Health and sanitation nuisances.
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- **13-101.** <u>Health officer</u>. The "health officer" shall be such municipal, county, or state officer as the governing body shall appoint or designate to administer and enforce health and sanitation regulations within the municipality. (1964 Code, § 8-401)
- 13-102. <u>Smoke, soot, cinders, etc.</u> It shall be unlawful for any person to permit or cause the escape of such quantities of dense smoke, soot, cinders, noxious acids, fumes or gases as to be detrimental to or to endanger the health, comfort, and safety of the public or so as to cause or have a tendency to cause injury or damage to property or business. (1964 Code, § 8-405)
- 13-103. <u>Stagnant water</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly allow any pool of stagnant water to accumulate and stand on his property. (1964 Code, § 8-406)

¹Municipal code references

Animal control: title 10.

Littering streets, etc.: § 16-107.

Toilet facilities in beer places: § 8-211(12).

- 13-104. <u>Weeds</u>. Every owner or tenant of property shall periodically cut the grass and other vegetation commonly recognized as weeds on his property, and it shall be unlawful for any person to fail to comply with an order by the city recorder or chief of police to cut such vegetation when it has reached a height of over one (1) foot. (1964 Code, § 8-407)
- 13-105. <u>Dead animals</u>. Any person owning or having possession of any dead animal not intended for use as food shall promptly bury the same or notify the health officer and dispose of such animal in such manner as the health officer shall direct. (1964 Code, § 8-408)
- 13-106. <u>Health and sanitation nuisances</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to permit any premises owned, occupied, or controlled by him to become or remain in a filthy condition, or permit the use or occupation of same in such a manner as to create noxious or offensive smells and odors in connection therewith, or to allow the accumulation or creation of unwholesome and offensive matter or the breeding of flies, rodents, or other vermin on the premises to the menace of the public health or the annoyance of people residing within the vicinity. (1964 Code, § 8-409)
- 13-107. <u>House trailers</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to park, locate, or occupy any house trailer or portable building unless it complies with all plumbing, electrical, sanitary, and building provisions applicable to stationary structures and the proposed location conforms to the zoning provisions of the municipality and unless a permit therefor shall have been first duly issued by the building official, as provided for in the building code. (1964 Code, § 8-404)

CHAPTER 2

OPEN STORAGE OF REFUSE, JUNK, ABANDONED MOTOR VEHICLES AND RUBBISH

SECTION

13-201. Prohibition.

13-202. Definitions.

13-203. Exceptions.

- **13-201. Prohibition**. It shall be unlawful for the owner and/or occupant of any residential or commercial building, structure, or property within the city limits of the City of Morrison to utilize or permit the utilization of the premises of such property for the open display, storage, stacking, piling or scattering of any refuse, junk, abandoned motor vehicles or rubbish. It shall be the duty or responsibility of every such property owner and/or occupant to keep the premises clean and remove all refuse, junk, abandoned motor vehicles or rubbish from the premises. (as added by Ord. #00-02, April 2000)
- **13-202.** <u>**Definitions**</u>. (1) An abandoned motor vehicle is one which does not have lawfully affixed thereto any unexpired license plate or plates and is in the state of disrepair, wrecked, dismantled, partially dismantled, discarded and is incapable of being moved under its own power.
- (2) Motor vehicle is any vehicle which is designed to be self-propelled and to travel along the ground, and shall include but not be limited to automobiles, buses, motor bikes, motorcycles, motor scooters, all terrain vehicles (ATV's), trucks, tractors, go-carts, golf carts, campers and trailers.
- (3) Refuse, junk and rubbish shall include, but not be limited to, abandoned motor vehicles or parts thereof, machinery or parts thereof, appliances or parts thereof, glass, building materials, building rubbish, old rope, rags, paper, bottles, iron or other base metals, all articles discarded or not longer used as a manufactured article composed of any one or more of the materials mentioned herein, or any residential or commercial refuse, by product, waste or remains. (as added by Ord. #00-02, April 2000)
- 13-203. Exceptions. This chapter shall not apply to the display of new or used vehicles by a car dealership. The temporary storage of vehicles being repaired by a body shop or repair garage may be exempted for up to ninety (90) days. This chapter shall not apply to any motor vehicle retained by the owner for antique collection purposes and licensed by the State of Tennessee as such a vehicle. This chapter shall also not apply to the orderly stacking of lumber and materials at lumber yards or building supply businesses or to the temporary storage of building supplies on the site of commercial or residential building projects. No exceptions shall invite plundering, or endanger the health or safety

of others, or create a fire hazard, or materially depreciate the value of the real property of others. (as added by Ord. #00-02, April 2000, and replaced by Ord. #10-02, April 2010)

CHAPTER 3

SLUM CLEARANCE

SECTION

- 13-301. Findings of board.
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- 13-303. "Public officer" designated; power.
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- 13-307. When public officer may remove or demolish.
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- 13-309. Basis for a finding of unfitness.
- 13-310. Service of complaints or orders.
- 13-311. Enjoying enforcement of orders.
- 13-312. Additional powers of public officer.
- 13-313. Powers conferred are supplemental.
- 13-314. Structures unfit for human habitation deemed unlawful.
- 13-301. <u>Findings of board</u>. Pursuant to <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 13-21-101, <u>et seq.</u>, the board of mayor and aldermen finds that there exists in the city structures which are unfit for human occupation or use due to dilapidation, defects increasing the hazards of fire, accident or other calamities, lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities, or due to other conditions rendering such dwellings unsafe or unsanitary, or dangerous or detrimental to the health, safety and morals, or otherwise inimical to the welfare of the residents of the town. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- **13-302.** <u>**Definitions**</u>. (1) "Dwelling," means any building or structure, or part thereof, used and occupied for human occupation or use or intended to be so used, and includes any outhouses and appurtenances belonging thereto or usually enjoyed therewith.
- (2) "Governing body" shall mean the board of mayor and aldermen charged with governing the city.
- (3) "Municipality" shall mean the Town of Morrison, Tennessee, and the areas encompassed within existing town limits or as hereafter annexed.
- (4) "Owner" shall mean the holder of title in fee simple and every mortgage of record.
- (5) "Parties in interest" shall mean all individuals, associations, corporations, and others who have interests of record in a dwelling and any who are in possession thereof.

- (6) "Place of public accommodation" means any building or structure in which goods are supplied or services performed, or in which the trade of the general public is solicited.
- (7) "Public authority" shall mean any housing authority or any officer who is in charge of any department or branch of the government of the town or state relating to health, fire, building regulations, or other activities concerning structures in the town.
- (8) "Public officer" shall mean the officer or officers who are authorized by this chapter to exercise the powers prescribed herein and pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated, § 13-21-101, et seq.
- (9) "Structure" means any dwelling or place of public accommodation or vacant building or structure suitable as a dwelling or place of public accommodation. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-303. "Public officer" designated; powers. There is hereby designated and appointed a "public officer," to be the codes enforcement official of the town, to exercise the powers prescribed by this chapter, which powers shall be supplemental to all others held by the building official. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007, and replaced by Ord. #12-01, March 2012)
- 13-304. <u>Initiation of proceedings; hearings</u>. Whenever a petition is filed with the public officer by a public authority or by at least five (5) residents of the town charging that any structure is unfit for human occupancy or use, or whenever it appears to the public officer (on his own motion) that any structure is unfit for human occupation or use, the public officer shall, if his preliminary investigation discloses a basis for such charges, issue and cause to be served upon the owner of, and parties in interest of, such structure a complaint stating the charges in that respect and containing a notice that a hearing will be held before the public officer (or his designated agent) at a place therein fixed, not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days after the service of the complaint; and the owner and parties in interest shall have the right to file an answer to the complaint and to appear in person, or otherwise, and give testimony at the time and place fixed in the complaint; and the rules of evidence prevailing in courts of law or equity shall not be controlling in hearings before the public officer. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-305. Orders to owners of unfit structures. If, after such notice and hearing as provided for in the preceding section, the public officer determines that the structure under consideration is unfit for human occupation or use, he shall state in writing his finding of fact in support of such determination and shall issue and cause to be served upon the owner thereof an order:
- (1) If the repair, alteration or improvement of the structure can be made at a reasonable cost in relation to the value of the structure (not exceeding

fifty percent (50%) of the reasonable value), requiring the owner, within the time specified in the order, to repair, alter, or improve such structure to render it fit for human occupation or use or to vacate and close the structure for human occupation or use; or

- (2) If the repair, alteration or improvement of said structure cannot be made at a reasonable cost in relation to the value of the structure (not to exceed fifty percent (50%) of the value of the premises), requiring the owner within the time specified in the order, to remove or demolish such structure. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-306. When public officer may repair, etc. If the owner fails to comply with the order to repair, alter, or improve or to vacate and close the structure as specified in the preceding section hereof, the public officer may cause such structure to be repaired, altered, or improved, or to be vacated and closed; and the public officer may cause to be posted on the main entrance of any dwelling so closed, a placard with the following words: "This building is unfit for human occupation or use. The use or occupation of this building for human occupation or use is prohibited and unlawful." (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-307. When public officer may remove or demolish. If the owner fails to comply with an order, as specified above, to remove or demolish the structure, the public officer may cause such structure to be removed and demolished. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-308. Lien for expenses; sale of salvaged materials; other **powers not limited.** The amount of the cost of such repairs, alterations or improvements, or vacating and closing, or removal or demolition by the public officer shall be assessed against the owner of the property, and shall upon the filing of the notice with the office of the Register of Deeds of Warren County, be a lien on the property in favor of the municipality, second only to liens of the state, county and municipality for taxes, any lien of the municipality for special assessments, and any valid lien, right, or interest in such property duly recorded or duly perfected by filing, prior to the filing of such notice. The municipal tax collector or county trustee shall collect these costs at the same time and in the same manner as property taxes are collected. If the owner fails to pay the costs, they may be collected at the same time, in the same manner as delinquent property taxes are collected, and shall be subject to the same penalty and interest as delinquent property taxes. In addition, the town may collect the costs assessed against the owner through an action for debt filed in any court of competent jurisdiction. The town may bring one (1) action for debt against more than one or all of the owners of properties against who said costs have been assessed and the fact that multiple owners have been joined in one (1) action shall not be considered by the court as a misjoinder of parties. If the structure

is removed or demolished by the public officer, he shall sell the materials of such structure and shall credit the proceeds of such sale against the cost of the removal or demolition, and any balance remaining shall be deposited in the Chancery Court of Warren County by the public officer, shall be secured in such manner as may be directed by such court, and shall be disbursed by such court to the person found to be entitled thereto by final order or decree of such court. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair or limit in any way the power of the town of to define and declare nuisances and to cause their removal or abatement, by summary proceedings or otherwise. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)

13-309. <u>Basis for a finding of unfitness</u>. The public officer defined herein shall have the power and may determine that a structure is unfit for human occupation or use if he finds that conditions exist in such structure which are dangerous or injurious to the health, safety or morals of the occupants or users of such structure, the occupants or users of neighboring structures or other residents of the Town of Morrison. Such conditions may include the following (without limiting the generality of the foregoing): defects therein increasing the hazards of fire, accident, or other calamities; lack of adequate ventilation, light, or sanitary facilities; dilapidation; disrepair; structural defects; or uncleanliness. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)

13-310. Service of complaints or orders. Complaints or orders issued by the public officer pursuant to this chapter shall be served upon persons, either personally or by registered mail, but if the whereabouts of such persons are unknown and the same cannot be ascertained by the public officer in the exercise of reasonable diligence, and the public officer shall make an affidavit to that effect, then the serving of such, complaint or order upon such persons may be made by publishing the same once each week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed and published in the town. In addition, a copy of such complaint or order shall be posted in a conspicuous place on premises affected by the complaint or order. A copy of such complaint or order shall also be filed for record in the Register's Office of Warren County, Tennessee, and such filing shall have the same force and affect as other lis pendens notices provided by law. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)

13-311. Enjoining enforcement of orders. Any person affected by an order issued by the public officer served pursuant to this chapter may file a bill in chancery court for an injunction restraining the public officer from carrying out the provisions of the order, and the court may, upon the filing of such suit, issue a temporary injunction restraining the public officer pending the final disposition of the cause; provided, however, that within sixty (60) days after the posting and service of the order of the public officer, such person shall file such bill in the court. The remedy provided herein shall be the exclusive remedy and

no person affected by an order of the public officer shall be entitled to recover any damages for action taken pursuant to any order of the public officer, or because of noncompliance by such person with any order of the public officer. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)

- 13-312. <u>Additional powers or public officer</u>. The public officer, in order to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this chapter, shall have the following powers in addition to those otherwise granted herein:
- (1) To investigate conditions of the structures in the town in order to determine which structures therein are unfit for human occupation or use;
- (2) To administer oaths, affirmations, examine witnesses and receive evidence;
- (3) To enter upon premises for the purpose of making examination, provided that such entry shall be made in such manner as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the persons in possession and in compliance with legal requirements for gaining entry;
- (4) To appoint and fix the duties of such officers, agents and employees as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter; and
- (5) To delegate any of his functions and powers under this chapter to such officers and agents as he may designate. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-313. Powers conferred are supplemental. This chapter shall not be construed to abrogate or impair the powers of the town with regard to the enforcement of the provisions of its charter or any other ordinances or regulations, nor to prevent or punish violations thereof, and the powers conferred by this chapter shall be in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred by the charter and other laws. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)
- 13-314. Structures unfit for human habitation or use deemed unlawful. It shall be unlawful for any owner of record to create, maintain or permit to be maintained in the town structures which are unfit for human occupation or use due to dilapidation, defects increasing the hazards of fire, accident or other calamities, lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities, or due to other conditions rendering such dwellings unsafe or unsanitary, or dangerous or detrimental to the health, safety and morals, or otherwise inimical to the welfare of the residents of the town. Violations of this section shall subject the offender to a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each offense. Each day a violation is allowed to continue shall constitute a separate offense. (as added by Ord. #07-04, Aug. 2007)