TITLE 1

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION¹

CHAPTER

- 1. BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.
- 2. MAYOR.
- 3. RECORDER/PURCHASING AGENT.
- 4. CODE OF ETHICS.

CHAPTER 1

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS²

SECTION

- 1-101. Time and place of meetings.
- 1-102. Quorum and attendance at meetings.
- 1-103. General rules of order.
- 1-104. Order of business.

1-101. <u>Time and place of meetings</u>. The regular meetings of the board of commissioners shall be held at 7:00 P.M. on the third Tuesday of each month, and in case any such Tuesday shall fall upon a legal holiday, then at such time and upon such day as may be established by resolution of the board of commissioners. Whenever in the opinion of two (2) of the commissioners the welfare of the city demands it, the mayor or the recorder may call a special meeting of the board of commissioners. (Ord. #101-96, Aug. 1996, modified)

1-102. <u>**Quorum and attendance at meetings**</u>. A majority of all members of the board of commissioners shall constitute a quorum. A minimum

¹Charter references

See the charter index, the charter itself, and footnote references to the charter in the front of this code.

Municipal code references

²Charter references

Board of commissioners: Art. 3. Mayor: §§ 3.4, 3.5. Recorder: § 6.3. Vice mayor: § 3.6.

Building, plumbing, electrical and gas inspectors: title 12. Zoning: title 14.

of three (3) commissioners, or two (2) commissioners and the mayor constitutes a quorum. A smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of the absentees in such manner and under such penalties as the board may provide.

1-103. <u>General rules of order</u>. The board of commissioners may, by resolution, regulate the conduct of its members during its meetings and prescribe its own rules of procedure, except as provided in the city charter, and in all cases where there is no established rule, "Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised" shall be the guide. (Ord. #101-96, Aug. 1996)

1-104. <u>Order of business</u>. At each meeting of the board of commissioners, the following regular order of business shall be observed unless dispensed with by a majority vote of the members present:

- (1) Call to order.
- (2) Pledge of allegiance.
- (3) Roll call.
- (4) Minutes approval.
- (5) Mayoral communication.
- (6) Reports.
- (7) Unfinished business.
- (8) New business.
- (9) Adjournment.

CHAPTER 2

MAYOR¹

SECTION

1-201. Duties of mayor.

1-202. Executes city's contracts.

1-203. Signs official records.

1-201. <u>Duties of mayor</u>. The mayor shall perform such duties as provided by the charter and any ordinances duly enacted by the board of mayor and aldermen consistent with the charter.

1-202. <u>Executes city's contracts</u>. The mayor shall execute all contracts as authorized by the board of mayor and aldermen.

1-203. <u>Signs official records</u>. The mayor shall sign the journal of the board and all ordinances on their final passage, executes all deeds, bonds, and contracts made in the name fo the city, and may introduce ordinances to the board.

¹Charter reference Duties of the mayor: § 3.5.

CHAPTER 3

<u>RECORDER/PURCHASING AGENT¹</u>

SECTION

- 1-301. To be bonded.
- 1-302. To keep minutes, etc.
- 1-303. To perform general administrative duties, etc.
- 1-304. To act as purchasing agent.

1-301. <u>To be bonded</u>. The recorder shall be bonded in such sum as may be fixed by, and with such surety as may be acceptable to, the board of mayor and aldermen.

1-302. <u>To keep minutes, etc</u>. The recorder shall keep the minutes of all meetings of the board of mayor and aldermen and shall preserve the original copy of all ordinances in a separate ordinance book.

1-303. <u>To perform general administrative duties, etc</u>. The recorder shall perform all administrative duties for the board of mayor and aldermen and for the city which are not assigned by the charter, this code, or the board of mayor and aldermen to another corporate officer. The recorder shall also have custody of and be responsible for maintaining all corporate bonds, records, and papers.

1-304. <u>To act as purchasing agent</u>. The recorder shall act as purchasing agent and shall purchase materials, supplies, services and equipment, provide for leases and lease-purchases and dispose of surplus property in accordance with the purchasing procedures approved by the board of commissioners and the Municipal Purchasing Law of 1983.²

¹Charter reference Duties of the recorder: § 6.3.

²State law reference <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, §§ 6-56-301, <u>et seq</u>.

CHAPTER 4

CODE OF ETHICS¹

SECTION

- 1-401. Applicability.
- 1-402. Definition of "personal interest."
- 1-403. Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote.
- 1-404. Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters.
- 1-405. Acceptance of gratuities, etc.
- 1-406. Use of information.
- 1-407. Use of municipal time, facilities, etc.
- 1-408. Use of position or authority.
- 1-409. Outside employment.
- 1-410. Ethics complaints.
- 1-411. Violations and penalty.

Campaign finance: <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, title 2, chapter 10.

Conflict of interests: <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, §§ 6-54-107, 108; 12-4-101, 102.

Conflict of interests disclosure statements: <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 8-50-501 and the following sections.

Consulting fee prohibition for elected municipal officials: <u>Tennessee Code</u> <u>Annotated</u>, §§ 2-10-122, 124.

Crimes involving public officials (bribery, soliciting unlawful compensation, buying and selling in regard to office): <u>Tennessee Code</u> <u>Annotated</u>, § 39-16-101 and the following sections.

Crimes of official misconduct, official oppression, misuse of official information: <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 39-16-401 and the following sections.

Ouster law: <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u>, § 8-47-101 and the following sections.

¹State statutes dictate many of the ethics provisions that apply to municipal officials and employees. For provisions relative to the following, see the <u>Tennessee Code Annotated</u> (T.C.A.) sections indicated:

1-401. <u>Applicability</u>. This chapter is the code of ethics for personnel of the municipality. It applies to all full-time and part-time elected or appointed officials and employees, whether compensated or not, including those of any separate board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality appointed or created by the municipality. The words "municipal" and "municipality" include these separate entities. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-402. <u>Definition of "personal interest."</u> (1) For purposes of §§ 1-403 and 1-404, "personal interest" means:

(a) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in the subject of a vote by a municipal board not otherwise regulated by state statutes on conflicts of interests; or

(b) Any financial, ownership, or employment interest in a matter to be regulated or supervised; or

(c) Any such financial, ownership, or employment interest of the official's or employee's spouse, parent(s), stepparent(s), grandparent(s), sibling(s), child(ren), or stepchild(ren).

(2) The words "employment interest" include a situation in which an official or employee or a designated family member is negotiating possible employment with a person or organization that is the subject of the vote or that is to be regulated or supervised.

(3) In any situation in which a personal interest is also a conflict of interest under state law, the provisions of the state law take precedence over the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-403. <u>Disclosure of personal interest by official with vote</u>. An official with the responsibility to vote on a measure shall disclose during the meeting at which the vote takes place, before the vote and so it appears in the minutes, any personal interest that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the official's vote on the measure. In addition, the official may recuse himself¹ from voting on the measure. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-404. <u>Disclosure of personal interest in nonvoting matters</u>. An official or employee who must exercise discretion relative to any matter, other than casting a vote, and who has a personal interest in the matter that affects or that would lead a reasonable person to infer that it affects the exercise of the discretion shall disclose, before the exercise of the discretion when possible, the interest on a form provided by and filed with the recorder. In addition, the

¹Masculine pronouns include the feminine. Only masculine pronouns have been used for convenience and readability.

official or employee may, to the extent allowed by law, charter, ordinance, or policy, recuse himself from the exercise of discretion in the matter. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-405. <u>Acceptance of gratuities, etc</u>. An official or employee may not accept, directly or indirectly, any money, gift, gratuity, or other consideration or favor of any kind from anyone other than the municipality:

(1) For the performance of an act, or refraining from performance of an act, that he would be expected to perform, or refrain from performing, in the regular course of his duties; or

(2) That might reasonably be interpreted as an attempt to influence his action, or reward him for past action, in executing municipal business. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-406. <u>Use of information</u>. (1) An official or employee may not disclose any information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment that is made confidential under state or federal law except as authorized by law.

(2) An official or employee may not use or disclose information obtained in his official capacity or position of employment with the intent to result in financial gain for himself or any other person or entity. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-407. <u>Use of municipal time, facilities, etc</u>. (1) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to himself.

(2) An official or employee may not use or authorize the use of municipal time, facilities, equipment, or supplies for private gain or advantage to any private person or entity, except as authorized by legitimate contract or lease that is determined by the governing body to be in the best interests of the municipality. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-408. <u>Use of position or authority</u>. (1) An official or employee may not make or attempt to make private purchases, for cash or otherwise, in the name of the municipality.

(2) An official or employee may not use or attempt to use his position to secure any privilege or exemption for himself or others that is not authorized by the charter, general law, or ordinance or policy of the municipality. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-409. <u>**Outside employment**</u>. An official or employee may not accept or continue any outside employment if the work unreasonably inhibits the performance of any affirmative duty of the municipal position or conflicts with any provision of the municipality's charter or any ordinance or policy. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-410. <u>Ethics complaints</u>. (1) The city attorney is designated as the ethics officer of the municipality. Upon the written request of an official or employee potentially affected by a provision of this chapter, the city attorney may render an oral or written advisory ethics opinion based upon this chapter and other applicable law.

(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the city attorney shall investigate any credible complaint against an appointed official or employee charging any violation of this chapter, or may undertake an investigation on his own initiative when he acquires information indicating a possible violation and make recommendations for action to end or seek retribution for any activity that, in the attorney's judgment, constitutes a violation of this code of ethics.

(b) The city attorney may request that the governing body hire another attorney, individual, or entity to act as ethics officer when he has or will have a conflict of interests in a particular matter.

(c) When a complaint of a violation of any provision of this chapter is lodged against a member of the municipality's governing body, the governing body shall either determine that the complaint has merit, determine that the complaint does not have merit, or determine that the complaint has sufficient merit to warrant further investigation. If the governing body determines that a complaint warrants further investigation, it shall authorize an investigation by the city attorney or another individual or entity chosen by the governing body.

(3) The interpretation that a reasonable person in the circumstances would apply shall be used in interpreting and enforcing this code of ethics.

(4) When a violation of this code of ethics also constitutes a violation of a personnel policy, rule, or regulation or a civil service policy, rule, or regulation, the violation shall be dealt with as a violation of the personnel or civil service provisions rather than as a violation of this code of ethics. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)

1-411. <u>Violations and penalty</u>. An elected official or appointed member of a separate municipal board, commission, committee, authority, corporation, or other instrumentality who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to punishment as provided by the municipality's charter or other applicable law and in addition is subject to censure by the governing body. An appointed official or an employee who violates any provision of this chapter is subject to disciplinary action. (Ord. #229-07-1C, June 2007)